McKean County Miner.

VOLUME XXI. SMETHPORT, PA., FRIDAY, OCTOBER 24, 1884. NUMBER 44.

McKean County Miner

L. ROGERS, Proprietor.

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

Mail via B. B. & K. R. R. leaves Smethport [illegible] and arrives at [illegible].

Mail via B., N. Y. & P. (Clermont Branch) arrives [illegible] p. m. and leaves at 4 p. m.

[illegible] Colegrove Mail leaves at 12 m. and arrives at 2:30 p. m.

[illegible] Mail arrives every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 11 a. m., and departs at 2 p. m. same days.

Money Orders will not be issued or Letters registered between 12 m. and 2:30 p. m.

[illegible] open every Sunday for delivery of mail from [illegible] to [illegible] p. m.

M. A. SPRAGUE, P. M.

Lodge Directory.

F. & A. M.

McKean Lodge, No. 380, F. & A. M., meets on the second and fourth Wednesdays of each month, at 7½ o'clock p. m., at Masonic Hall, Main street.

W. D. GALLUP, W. M.
C. M. SMITH, Sec'y.

A. O. U. W.

Smethport Lodge, No. 182, meets every Tuesday evening in the A. O. U. W. Hall, Backus Block.

SHERIDAN GORTON, M. W.
[illegible] GALLUP, Recorder.

G. A. R.

[illegible] G. A. R., meets every Thursday evening in the A. O. U. W. Hall, Backus Block.

B. F. WRIGHT, Com.
A. L. Hughes, Adj't.

I. O. O. F.

Meets every Saturday evening at Backus Hall.

A. R. Corey N. G.
W. H. WARNSHALL, Sec'y.

Churches.

METHODIST. E. P. HUBBELL, pastor. Preaching at 10:30 a. m. and 7 p. m. every Sunday. Sabbath School immediately after morning services. Class Meeting at 10 a. m. Sunday. Prayer Meetings on Thursday evenings at 7 o'clock. S. S. Teachers' Meetings Tuesday evenings at 7 o'clock. Choir Meetings on Saturday evenings at 7 o'clock.

BAPTIST. E. H. GATES, pastor. Preaching at half-past 10 a. m. and half past 7 p. m. Sabbath school directly after morning services. Prayer meeting on Wednesday evenings at 7 p. m. Covenant meetings Saturday before the first Sunday in every month. Lord's Supper every two months. All are welcome.

EPISCOPAL. J. HUBERT McCANDLISS, Rector. Services every Sunday at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Additional service at 8 a. m., except on 1st Sunday of each month. Sunday school at 9:30 a. m.

ST. ELIZABETH CATHOLIC CHURCH. [illegible], pastor. Mass at 11 a. m., service at 11 a. m. Sunday School at 3 p. m. Services on each alternate Sunday at Smethport and Clermont.

Borough Officers.

Burgess—D. C. Backus.
Ass't Burgess—Frank Moses.
Councilmen—A. B. Armstrong, Wm. Renner, A. D. Hancock, John Brennan, W. D. Gallup, Chris. [illegible].
Constable—H. L. Bunting. [illegible]
School Directors—Ira S. Gorton, H. L. McCoy, L. W. Brennan, D. C. Backus, E. L. Keenan, H. C. Wilson.
Auditors—C. M. Smith, P. Ford.
Justices—E. F. Richmond, W. Z. George.
[illegible]—D. C. [illegible], A. D. Burbank.
Judge of Election—S. L. Gifford.
Inspectors—S. A. Backus, D. M. Smith.
Treasurer—Wesley Gifford.

Official Directory.

DISTRICT AND COUNTY.

President Judge—A. G. Olmsted, Coudersport, Potter Co.
Associate Judges—Henry Hamlin, Smethport; P. M. Foster, Bradford.
Member of Congress—W. W. Brown, Bradford.
State Senator—L. Emery, Jr., Bradford.
Members of Assembly—David Sherrill, Smethport; [illegible].
[illegible]—E. Messenger, Smethport.
[illegible]—A. F. Wardo, Bradford.
[illegible]—John R. [illegible], Bradford.
County Treasurer—[illegible] Melvin, Bradford.
Commissioners—A. T. Palmer, Dallas City; F. S. Johnson, Bradford; N. Hurley, Smethport.
[illegible]—John R. [illegible], Smethport.
Jury Commissioners—D. E. Pattison, F. E. Clark.
Auditors—A. P. Brewer, F. K. Washburn, A. A. Stevens.
Mercantile Appraiser—J. R. Dunkley, East Smethport.
Coroner—E. A. Dunnivan, Bradford.
County Supt. Schools—[illegible].
[illegible] Court of [illegible] [illegible] Monday in [illegible], May [illegible], [illegible] Monday of December.

State.

Governor—Robert E. Pattison.
Lieutenant Governor—Chauncey F. Black.
[illegible] General—John A. Lemon.
State Treasurer—Silas M. Bailey.
Secretary of Internal Affairs—J. Simpson Africa.

BLANK PRINTING.

THE MINER JOB ROOMS are abundantly supplied with facilities for doing fine Blank Printing. We make a specialty of this class of printing, and challenge comparison of our work and prices with that of any first class Blank Printing House. We keep in stock all the usual forms of LEGAL and CONVEYANCING, JUSTICES', CONSTABLES' and TOWNSHIP BLANKS, and print on short notice any style and form desired. Samples, estimates and prices furnished on application. Orders by mail promptly attended to.

>BINGHAM ESTATE<

ROBT. H. ROSE

Is authorized to receive moneys for and make applications to buy lands. He will give information generally, in any business of this Estate, in McKean County. His office is now

IN THE GRAND CENTRAL BLOCK

ROBT. C. SIMPSON,
Agent of the Trustees
Williamsport, Dec. 24, 1875.

Notice of the Bingham Estate.

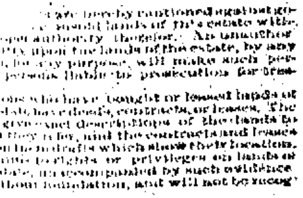
[illegible], Penn'a, Feb'y 25, 1876.

[illegible] are hereby cautioned against [illegible] [illegible] lands of this estate without the proper authority therefor. Any unauthorized entry upon the lands of this estate, by any person, for any purpose, will make such person or persons liable to prosecution for trespass.

Persons who have bought or leased lands of this estate, have deeds, contracts, or leases. The deeds give exact descriptions of the lands to which they refer, and the contracts and leases have on them drafts which show their locations. All claims, rights, or privileges on lands of this estate, not accompanied by such evidence, are without foundation, and will not be recognized.

ROBT. C. SIMPSON,
Agent of the Trustees.

F. C. PIERCE,



Surgeon Dentist,

SMETHPORT, PA.

Office Over L. W. Mason's Hardware Store, Main Street.

Preservation of natural teeth a specialty. 26tf.

LIVERY
AND
Exchange Stables
At The Bennett House Barn.

G. R. & C. H. MOORE, Proprietors.

Parties desiring single or double rigs for pleasure or business purposes can be furnished at any time with

GOOD HORSES AND STYLISH RIGS

to drive any distance. Pleasure, Fishing and Hunting parties carried at reasonable rates.

NAVAL [illegible] **BATTLES.**
[illegible] J. C. McCurdy & Co., [illegible] St., Philadelphia, Pa.

Professional Cards.

Attorneys.

BYRON D. HAMLIN. DELANO R. HAMLIN.
HAMLIN & SON,
LAW AND LAND OFFICE
Smethport, Pa.

Advice as Counsel. Try causes in the Courts. Investigate Land Titles and Oil Leases. Collect claims. Do Conveyancing by Deeds, Contracts and Leases with care and dispatch.

Notary Public in their Office.

General Agency of the Keating Lands.

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STERRETT & ROSE,
ATTORNEYS & COUNSELLORS.
(Office in Grand Central Block.)
SMETHPORT PA.

JOHN C. BACKUS. SHERIDAN GORTON.
BACKUS & GORTON,
Attorneys and Counsellors at Law
Smethport, Pa.
Office—Sartwell Block, Main Street.

E. L. KEENAN.
ATTORNEY - AT - LAW,
OFFICE:—Grand Central Hotel, Rooms 10 & 12.
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All legal business attended to promptly.

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Bradford, Pa.

THOS. A. MORRISON. JOHN N. APPLE, Notary Public.
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ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,
OFFICE—Nearly opposite the Court House,
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All legal business promptly attended to. Examinations and abstracts of land titles, Orphans' Court practice, and collections specialties.

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BRADFORD, PA.

P. FORD.
Attorney and Counsellor at Law,
Office: Miner Block, Church Street.
Smethport, Pa.

J. K. WALLACE,
ATTORNEY - AT - LAW,
BRADFORD, PA.

S. W. SMITH.
Attorney and Counsellor at Law,
(NOTARY PUBLIC.)
Port Allegany, Pa.

B. McSWEENEY. M. H. BYLES.
McSWEENEY & BYLES.
Attorneys and Counsellors at Law
ROOM [illegible] PRODUCERS' EXCHANGE,
BRADFORD, PA.

GEO. A. STURGEON,
Attorney and Counsellor at Law,
Room 15, Oil Exchange,
BRADFORD, PA.

G. A. BERRY. M. F. ELLIOTT. D. H. JACK.
BERRY, ELLIOTT & JACK.
Attorneys and Counsellors at Law
NOTARY PUBLIC, U. S. COMMISSIONER.
Office in Berry's Building.
Bradford, McKean Co., Pa.

E. B. STONE. A. LEO WEIL.
STONE & WEIL,
Attorneys and Counsellors at Law
Office in Pompelon Hall.
Bradford, Pa.

MULLIN & McCLURE,
ATTORNEYS - AT - LAW,
Corner Main and Pine Sts.
Bradford, Pa.

JAMES C. BOYCE,
ATTORNEY - AT - LAW,
AND COUNSELLOR IN PATENT CAUSES.
Office: Room 3, Cor. Main & Webster Sts.
Bradford, McKean Co., Pa.

E. R. MAYO.
Attorney at Law and Notary Public,
Eldred, McKean Co. Pa.

P. R. COTTER.
ATTORNEY - AT - LAW,
PORT ALLEGANY, PA.
will promptly attend to all business entrusted to his care.

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ATTORNEY - AT - LAW,
(Office in Roberts & Bradley Block,)
BRADFORD, PA.

SNYDER & COLCORD.
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,
OFFICES:—Port Allegany, McKean county, and Coudersport, Potter county, Pa.

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OFFICE: Room No. 7, Rockwell House.
SMETHPORT, PA.

H. L. McCOY,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.
Office in Backus Building, Main street.
Smethport, Pa.

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Surgeon, Obstetrician and Consulting Physician and Surgeon.
Office hours from 10 to 12 a. m. and 1 to 3 p. m.
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Office over Richmond & Son's Drug Store,
Smethport, Pa.

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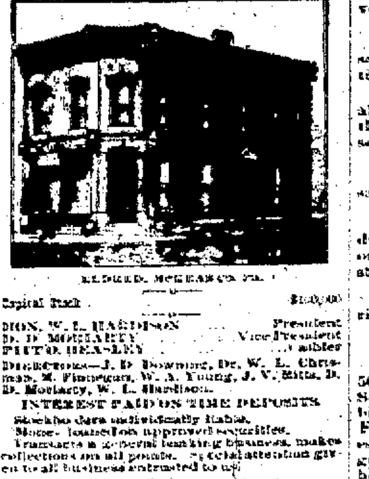
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,
Kane, Pa.
Surgeon to Pittsburg & Western Railroad Co. Telephone on [illegible] from Davis store—one long ring.

M. A. BISHOP,
ARCHITECT AND SUPERINTENDENT.
Smethport, Pa.

Business Cards.

Bankers.

THE ELDRED BANK,



ELDRED, McKEAN CO. PA.

Capital Stock ... $100,000

HON. W. L. HARDISON ... President
D. D. MORIARTY ... Vice President
[illegible] HEASLEY ... Cashier

DIRECTORS—J. D. Downing, Dr. W. L. Chrisman, M. Finnegan, W. A. Young, J. V. Ritts, D. D. Moriarty, W. L. Hardison.

INTEREST PAID ON TIME DEPOSITS

Stockholders individually liable.
Money loaned on approved securities.
Transacts a general banking business, makes collections on all points. Special attention given to all business entrusted to us.

Hotels.

WRIGHT HOUSE.
MAIN ST., SMETHPORT, PA.
B. F. WRIGHT, Proprietor.
First Class in every Respect.

This Hotel is recently built, and is furnished with all the conveniences of a first-class Hotel. A well stocked and well kept Bar connected with the house. Rates reasonable.

GRAND CENTRAL HOTEL,
MAIN ST., SMETHPORT, PA.
H. S. SARTWELL, - Prop'r.
FIRST CLASS IN EVERY RESPECT.

Tables and Bar constantly supplied with the best the market affords. Rates reasonable.

Exchange Hotel.
NEAR BUFFALO DEPOT, SMETHPORT, PA.
W. D. CHAMBERS, Proprietor.

This Hotel is newly made and furnished in all respects for the comfort and convenience of the traveling public.

BENTON HOUSE
Larrabees, Pa.
F. J. VICKERY, - Prop'r.

Located directly opposite the McK. & B. and B. N. Y. & P. RR depots. The house has recently been rebuilt and newly furnished in the most modern style and is now a first-class house. 4tf

BUCKTAIL HOTEL
KANE, PA.
R. E. LOOKER, Proprietor.

Remodeled and refurnished, and one of the best Hotels in McKean County.

AKIN HOUSE,
No. 8, Washington St.,
BRADFORD, PA.
MARION AKIN, Proprietor.
Terms, $1 Per Day

Liberal terms to Commercial Travelers. Good Livery and Feed Stables connected with the House. xviii15tf

Broezel's Hotel,
cor. Seneca and Wells Streets,
BUFFALO, N. Y.
First Class in every respect.
John Broezel - Prop'r.

MISCELLANEOUS.

BARBER SHOP
ALFRED STURDVEINT

Would respectfully announce to his patrons and the public generally that he has moved his Barber shop into his recently finished and commodious new Marble Front building next door to W. D. Gallup's store, Main street, where he is prepared to do

SHAVING AND HAIRDRESSING

In the latest style of the art. None but first-class workmen employed.

☞ BATH ROOMS ATTACHED.

WHY DO YOU
Go away from home to
BUY HARNESS GOODS
when you can get
BETTER BARGAINS AT HOME.
We employ none but
FIRST - CLASS WORKMEN,

All of our work is WARRANTED to be of the most durable kind.

These goods are all hand-made by first-class workmen and with first-class material, using both Hemlock and Oak tanned leather.

CALL AT OUR SHOP and we will convince you that we can do better by you than can any foreign dealers.

GLEASON & LEMMLER.
Smethport, Pa., April 24, 1879.

Protection.

No such protective against chills and fever and other diseases of a malarial type exists as Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. It relieves constipation, liver disorders, rheumatism, kidney and bladder ailments with certainty and promptitude. A change, a sea lying as it is complete, soon takes place in the appearance, as well as the sensation, of the weak and languid invalid who uses this standard promoter of health and strength. For sale by all Druggists and Dealers generally.

Merited Success.

Dr. Hartman & Co.—Gents: Peruna sells very well here. I have ordered several dozen bottles since your agent was here.
W. W. Steele & Co.,
Chillicothe, Ohio.

Am selling your Peruna. It gives universal satisfaction.
G. W. Barrere, Hillsboro, Ohio.

Trade splendid on Peruna. We never sold a medicine that gave better satisfaction. P. Reed & Son, Pomeroy, Ohio.

The case of medicine you sent me came all right, and is doing me good. Others think so too, who have tried it. Please send me a dozen bottles of Peruna.
Robert Logan, Topeka, Kan.

Your Peruna sells fast, and gives good satisfaction.
J. C. Sanders, Martinsburg, Pa.

This great medicine can be found at all drug stores. Ask for it. Also the book on the Ills of Life." Sold by A. B. Armstrong.

No man can either live piously or die righteously without having a wife.

A Good Many Failures.

During the year 1883 there were 10,568 failures in business in the United States and Canada. Some of these were big concerns, and some were very small. Failure is sorrowful business to any man, especially if it is his health that fails. A great many times 10,568 people fail in health in the course of a year. Many of them might be saved if they would take Brown's Iron Bitters, the great family medicine and restorer of wasted health.

WOMEN teach us repose, civility, and dignity.

THE blood would run—For five years I was a great sufferer from catarrh. My nostrils were so sensitive I could not bear the least bit of dust; at times so bad the blood would run, and at night I could hardly breathe. After trying many things without benefit I used Ely's Cream Balm. I am a living witness of its efficacy. Peter Bruce, Ithaca, N. Y. Easy to use, price 50 cents.

He that takes a wife takes care.

LEONARD DAHLSTROM, New York city, writes: "I think Joseph's Oil is one of the greatest medicines on earth. It cured me of a severe attack of acute rheumatism for which I had tried everything I had seen advertised."

WOMAN is the Crown of Creation.

THE easiest means to cure a cough or cold is by using Shedd's Cough Syrup. Only 25 cents per bottle.

WOMAN is the Masterpiece.

IF you want to make those cattle fat, sprinkle a tablespoonful of Day's Horse and Cattle Powder over their feed three times a day, and keep them out of the weather. Price 25 cents per package.

THE price of wrapping paper is going up. We always thought it was stationery.—Pittsburg *Chronicle.*

[illegible] Deacon Dobson boasted that he was always prepared for the worst; and so he was, for he always kept Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup in the house, regarding it the only safe remedy for coughs and colds.

MRS. KATE FIELD is in Boston, where she was entertained at dinner on Wednesday evening by Mr. and Mrs. Edwin P. Whipple and other friends.

IN HOLLAND, MICH., C. J. Doesburg, publisher of the News, and in its columns strongly recommends Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil for coughs, colds, sore throat, catarrh and asthma.

IT is expected that electric tricycles will soon be in common use in England.

A PURE AND RELIABLE MEDICINE.—A compound that cleanses the system, purifies, and restores is Burdock Blood Bitters. They cure all diseases of the blood, liver and kidneys.

THE new British Ambassador at Berlin is Sir [illegible], not Edward, Malet.

WHY go about with aching head? Try Ayer's Pills. They will relieve the stomach, restore the digestive organs to healthy action, remove the obstructions that oppress nerves and brain, and thus cure your headache permanently.

YOU CAN secure strength and sleep by using Shedd's Little Mandrake Pills. One pill a dose.

IT is said that Tennyson has received upward of a thousand poems on "Gordon in the Soudan," with the request that he criticise them.

No Scrofula

Can be so deep-seated, so malignant and stubborn, that Parmelee's Blood Purifier will not be found helpful. It will effect a cure, if cure be possible. And if you are troubled with Boils, Salt Rheum, Pimples, Rough Skin, or any humor whatever, just give the Purifier a thorough trial and you cannot fail to receive benefit from it. Price $1. per bottle. Sold by A. B. Armstrong, druggist.

WOMAN is born for love; and it is impossible to turn her from it.

The Keys.

The kidneys and liver are the keys to woman's health. If these organs are in a healthy condition no fear need be entertained of sickness, for the system will cleanse itself of impure matter. If you have Headache, Dizziness, loss of Appetite, Lame Back or Side, Failing strength, Langor, Excessive Flow of Urine, &c., remember they are the advance guard and give warning of more serious trouble such as Diabetes, Bright's Disease, &c. Parmelee's Dyspepsia, Diabetes, Kidney and Liver Cure is a cure for all these diseases. Price only $1 00 per bottle. Sold by A. B. Armstrong, druggist.

WOMAN is the Sunday of man; not his repose only, but his joy, and the salt of his life.

Restored by Magic.

Has the lake air and wind spoiled your complexion? Do you long for a preparation that will completely remove Moth, Tan and Pimples and leave the skin clear and soft? If so, you have but to buy a bottle of Hamilton's Oriental Balm, which is simply magical in the effect and perfectly harmless. It is used in all the best families and gives unbounded satisfaction. Price 50 cents per bottle. Sold by A. B. Armstrong, druggist.

THE sweetest thing in this life is the unclouded welcome of a wife.

$50 goes if Centaurine fails to help or cure the worst cases of corks, scratches, sore necks or wounds of any kind on horse or man. Sold by W. T. Callar. Price 50 cts.

ALL the reasonings of men are not worth one sentiment of women.

LADIES' MEDICAL ADVISER.—A complete Medical Work for Women, handsomely bound in cloth and illustrated; postpaid for 10 two-cent stamps. Tells how to prevent and cure all diseases of the sex, by a treatment at home. Worth its weight in gold to every lady suffering from any of these diseases. Over 10,000 sold already. Address NUNDA PUBLISHING CO., Nunda, N. Y. 33-3m.

BUT one thing on earth is better than the wife, that is the mother.

Always Useful.

If you have Rheumatism, Neuralgia or any Sprains, Stiff Cords, Sore Muscles, Bruises, Sore Throat, &c., Parmelee's Universal Liniment will cure quickly and surely. If your Horse has Bone Spavin, Sweeney, Sprain, Bruises or Lameness of any kind, Parmelee's Universal liniment is the best possible remedy you can use. Large bottles 50 cents, ordinary size 25 cents. For sale by A. B. Armstrong.

NASBY.

Mr. Nasby, Who is in New York on Political Business, Interviews Several Distinguished People and Proposes a New Ticket.

CONFEDERIT X ROADS,
(Wich is in the State uv Kentucky)
August 12th, 1884.

I cum to Noo Nork to attend a meetin uv the independent republikins wich hev boltid Blane and perpose to elect Cleveland, to see eggsackly what they mean to do. I wuz forchnit in my time uv comin, for there wuz a meetin uv them the nite I struck the Metropolis. There wuz present George Wilyum Curtis, Karl Shurtz, Rev. Henry Ward Beecher and others too tejus to menshun.

I can't say they greeted me with that corjality wich ought to eggsist atwixt brethren engaged in a common coz, and I am satisfied that the genooine dimocrisy uv the kentry kin never work in harmony with them. They are altogether too nice for our party. Mr. Shurtz remarked something about clean shurts being not altogether ondesirable, wich wuz evidently leveled at me. Out uv deference to these finicky men I hed borrered a shirt from a close-line at 1 a. m. to cum too Noo York in, and hed only wore it a week. Wat do they want? Wood they hev a man hev a thousand shurts? They ought to see that shurt a week from now.

George Wilyum Curtis sniffed at my breath, and Henry Ward Beecher refoosed to speak to me at all. However, I don't mind trifles like that. I mingled with 'em affably.

The question under discussion waz the proper method of conduktin the campane on the part uv the independents, and Mr. Curtis spoke fust.

Mr. Curtis remarkt that he hed killed the Republikin party, originerly becoz uv the depravity uv its candidate, the tattoed Blane. It wuz his original ijee that he cood never support a man wich hed any stane onto his character uv any kind. But his views hed undergone a modification recently. He hed originerly intended to eliminate pollytix from the campane entirely and hed notified the dimocratic nashunal committy to that effeck and fite it poorely on the superior morality uv Mr. Cleveland, but his views hed undergone a serius change sense a subsidized press hed charged Mr. Cleveland with seducin a widder and bein the father uv a illegitimate child.

"*A voice from the audience*:—"And proved it, too."

"I admit the correction. And proved it. I hev sence decided that the bringin uv personal charakter uv candidates into the canvass is all wrong. For the time bein I only ask offishel poority uv a candidate. Wat hez the Widder Halpin to do with civil servis reform? Wat hez the Widder Halpin to do with—

Myself—"The postoffises!"

"Wat hez the Widow Halpin or the child, Oscar Folsom Cleveland, to do with purifyin American pollytix? Nothin. This campane must now be fought on them ishoos, and none others."

Rev. Henry Ward Beecher spoke next.

"Ef I sposed," sed Mr. Beecher, "that Mr. Cleveland wuz actilly guilty uv the heenyus sin that hez bin charged to him, I suppose I cood not konsienshusly vote for him. A man in public life hez no rite to indulge in sins in sich a way that it can be proved agin him. Rather than hev it proved agin him he hed better keep virchus. In a matter uv this kind, the onpardonable sin is to hev it proved agin you. I kin sympathise with Mr. Cleveland, for I hev been slandered myself. You all remember the painful circumstance. But I wuz shoor uv my ground. I wuz acquitted. My people all bleeved that, while I wuz innocent, Elizabeth was guilty, and I most earnestly hope that our noble standard bearer is fixed the same way. We care not how guilty Mrs. Halpin may be considered, but we must doubt the guilt uv Mr. Cleveland. And, after all, I shall vote for him anyway. Sez the Holy Scripters, 'Let him wich is without sin cast the fust stone.' To forgive is divine. We all need forgiveness. 'Sposin Theodore hed succeeded in huntin me out uv my pulpit, wat wood Brooklyn, and the independent republikin organizashen, and the world hev lost? When the purifyin uv the pollytix uv this great kentry is under considerashun, it is idle to take into account sich a trifle as the seduckshun uv a woman, the abduckshen uv a child, or trifles like that. We shood keep our eyes fixed steadily onto wat we sot out to do—the establishment uv righteusness in pollytix. Not wun uv us kin vote for a man like Blaine, whose character is smirched."

It wuz my turn to chip in; wich I did, ez follows:

"My friends and co-workers," I remarkt, "I bring yoo glad tidins uv great joy. The charges made by a venal and subsidized press agin Mr. Cleveland don't affect the dimocrisy uv the Corners at all. That feend, Joe Bigler, sposed it wood hev sum effeck upon the dimocrisy and he sposed that we wood denounse a man for sich a misdemeanor, and demand his retirement from the ticket. We held a meetin to consider the matter and Josef fixed to put us to confusion, which is his prinsiple biznis. He gathered together a hundred or more mulattoes, the most uv em over 30 years uv age, bein the sole reminders uv the old patriarkle system which the republikin party destroyed, all uv em barin the honored names uv Pogram, McPelter, Gavit and Guttle, and all uv em resemblin the Pograms, Gavitts, McPelters and Guttlesses to a wonderful degree. He gathered together these niggers and brot 'em to the meetin house, and intended to spring em on us jist after we hed passed a resolooshen denounsin Cleveland for hevin' bin the father uv a illegitimit child! Did he put us to confooshun? Not any. I quoted the passage uv skripter wich my frend Mr. Beecher jist quotid, and we resolved, ez yoo are dooin, that this campane must be fought out on the grate prinsiple uv reform in pollytix, and that in sich a fite the privit charackter uv our candidate hed nothin whatever to do with it. It is entirely proper to assale the privit charackter uv the republikin candidate, becoz the republican party lay clame to respectability; but it is not proper to assale the privit charackter uv our candidate, becoz we don't make no sich a clame. Inasmuch ez Joe Bigler kin git together a hundred niggers who bear the noses uv a skore uv our best dimocrats, shell we condemn Cleveland, who is only charged with a half dozen? Dimocrisy must be consistent. The charges agin Cleveland will make votes for im at the Corners. Ez we sympathized with Mr. Beecher some years ago, so we sympathize with Mr. Cleveland now. Indeed, were it not for the record the grate Hendrix made ez an unflinchin opponent uv a crooel war wich deprived us uv our privileges, we shood insist that he resign from the tikit that we might substitoot the name uv Henry Ward Beecher.

"And now that I think uv it, that iz wat we want to do. We want a symetrikel ticket. Grover Cleveland is best known by the people uv the Yoonited States by his connexion with the Widder Halpin, and Henry Ward Beecher by his connexion with the Tilton family. Let us make the tikit symetrikel. Let it be

CLEVELAND AND BEECHER!

"Ef we succeed in electin em, the people's ideas uv jestis kin be done. Mrs. Halpin and Mrs. Tilton, both uv wich are in straitened circumstances, kin be givened posishuns in the treasury department, and they will be pervided for and everything made lovely.

"This wood be a symetrikel tiket, and a well-balanced tikit—a tikit both ends uv which wood cum together like a snake with its tail in its mouth. I move that the dimocratic nashunal committy be advised uv the ackshun uv this meetin, and requested to make the change to wunst."

The matter waz taken under considerashun, and adjourned to another evenin to decide onto it.

May wisdom guide their counsels. I don't like to see Hendrix shelved, but the war ishoos are old, and noo ishoos hev arisen. We shall remember his services to the Confederacy with gratitood, but everything must be sacrificed for success. The postoffises is our goal, and to gain them we must run faithfully and strongly.

PETROLEUM V. NASBY,
(Manager.)

How Many Know!

In these days of campaign vituperation, [illegible], and these democrats attempt to construct mountains out of molehills, let men of sense stop and think! Read the whole Fisher and Mulligan series of letters and then ask yourself what is there in them? Mr. Blaine is strongly vindicated by their publication! *How many know*—

1. That the Little Rock and Fort Smith Railroad bill passed both Houses of Congress unanimously.

2. That Mr. Blaine's ruling on it was right and just and could not have been withheld in honor.

3. That when it was made he did not have the acquaintance of a single person interested in the road or instrumental in promoting the passage of the bill.

4. That he alluded to his connection with the bill after his interest in the road had been obtained.

5. That the bill was a declaratory statute merely, not granting lands nor reviving a dormant or lapsed grant, and conferring no original nor substantial rights nor benefits.

6. That the investment was a losing one.

7. That Mr. Blaine honorably shouldered all the loss, and restored to his friends every cent they had invested in the bonds on his representations.

8. That in the letters addressed to Fisher he said he had done the friends of the bill "a service *without knowing it.*"

9. That instead of obtaining a favor through the managers of the road, he suffered a severe pecuniary loss.

10. That his ruling as speaker was in no sense caused by his interest in the road, but was six months antecedent to his obtaining a share in it.

11. That he did not rule in favor of the bill (which passed both houses unanimously) because he was interested in the road, but became interested in the road because his attention was directed to it during the passage of the bill through congress.

12. That the land grant was simply restored to the state of Arkansas, which conferred it upon the road.

13. That the justice of the bill continuing the grant, and the rightfulness of Mr. Blaine's ruling in point of law, have not been disputed from that day to this, and cannot be.

The American people possess an inherent, abiding love for fair play, and as surely as election day comes will tell these slanderers at the polls what their opinion is of this species of campaign warfare.

Blaine and the Methodist Bell.

Rev. H. P. Torsey, principal of the flourishing Methodist academy at Readfield, Me., tells the following incident, which may be interesting to our readers at the present time. The bell in the academy, after years of daily use, cracked and its long-time silvery tones were changed into an agonizing jangle, a torment to the entire community. The reverend principal was remonstrated with and given to understand that something must be done to silence the abominable nuisance; but the Methodist friends of the academy were all over-begged, and had no money to invest in a new bell. Days and weeks passed, but no way seamed to open which gave assurance of pecuniary relief. One day, while the perplexed principal was wrestling with the troublesome question, it occurred to him that he had, while in the legislature years ago, formed a very pleasant acquaintance with James G. Blaine, and that possibly he might give him a contribution for old acquaintance sake. The idea was suggested to a few of his friends, and all encouraged the principal to call upon his old friend at once. Oftentimes while driving from Readfield to Augusta the thought would come to him that he was on a fool's errand, and even when he pulled the door bell his heart failed him. On entering the house Mr. Blaine greeted his caller with great warmth and cordiality, asked about his family and how his school was prospering. This generous reception gave confidence to the anxious caller, and he responded that all was well, but the academy bell was cracked, and that neither he, the townspeople nor the Methodists could raise the money to buy a new one. Mr. Blaine, greatly interested, asked what a new bell would cost, and Mr. Torsey replied: "Three hundred and fifty dollars." Mr. Blaine, taking his pen, wrote a check and handed it to the visitor, who was overcome with emotion when he saw that it was for the whole sum he had named. The best time on record between Augusta and Readfield was made that day on the return trip, and the ribbons were in the hands of the happiest Methodist in Maine. The good news was heralded among the townspeople, and everything went merry as a marriage bell till some one suggested that a new bell was of no use without a further expenditure of one hundred and fifty dollars in fixtures and hanging. Mr. Torsey, in a deprecatory way, sent a note to Mr. Blaine, saying these items, forgotten in his estimate, would cost one hundred and fifty dollars more. The return note brought a check for the amount, with the compliments of the man whom now the people delight to honor because of his large hearted generosity, his manly christian virtues, and his noble record as the most brilliant statesman of the nineteenth century.

A German View of the Case.

The *Allgemeine Zeitung* is recognized the world over as the ablest of Germany's political journals. One of the later issues received here contains the following review of the political situation in the United States:

The present is an excited time in the United States, a collapse in politics and ebb in trade. The whole attention of the people is directed to the coming presidential election. Four candidates are in the field: James G. Blaine, the chosen one of the republican party; Grover Cleveland, the candidate of the democratic party; Benjamin F. Butler, as leader of the people's party; and, finally, St. John, the Holy John, as the elect of the religious temperance fanatics. Cleveland and Butler have now published their letters of acceptance. From Cleveland a statesmanlike document which should be at least the equal of the previously published letter of Blaine was expected; but Cleveland's letter, correctly characterized, is "a small letter of a small man." Not one syllable about the tariff, the important financial question, national banking, silver coinage or foreign policy is contained in Cleveland's letter of acceptance; a small bait is thrown to the workingmen to secure their suffrages, and a few glittering phrases on civil service reform are devoted to the independent reformers who have withdrawn themselves from the republican party. At first the name of Cleveland had a magnetic attraction; the independent reformers, [illegible] mostly to the [illegible], cherished great expectations from Cleveland; they left the republican party because Blaine, the candidate of the party, had a bad reputation in connection with railway speculations; they set up morals as the standard which led them to prefer the Democratic candidate. But unfortunately proofs are heaping on proofs that Mr. Cleveland, while he was mayor of Buffalo, seduced a beautiful widow, had an illegitimate child by her, and then to conceal the affair as well as to preserve his good character, shut the seduced widow in a lunatic asylum against her will. This, of course, is pouring cold water on the fire of the enthusiasm for Cleveland. The entire religious press and the number of these newspapers is considerable which had mounted the standard of morality with the independent reformers, now turns its back on Cleveland and admonishes its readers in no case to vote for the libertine. For this reason the prospects of the election of Blaine have been considerably bettered.

If we choose an unpartisan position in the political agitation, we must prefer Blaine to Cleveland, for the reason that the latter has absolutely no political past and possesses absolutely no experience in statesmanship. In Europe men of long political experience are placed at the helm of affairs, such as Bismarck, Beaconsfield, Gladstone, Cavour and others. During the war of the rebellion, and afterward during the reconstruction of the rebellious south, Blaine played with great credit an important role in congress as the speaker of the house of representatives, and as United States senator and premier in the ministry of the murdered President Garfield he developed eminent capabilities. His latest historical work, "Twenty Years of Congress," is the best, most thoroughly just and unpartisan history of the last rebellion. As the republican party grew in historical significance and greatness during the fateful period of the rebellion, Blaine rose with it and stands a peer of the great statesmen who then were at the helm of the republican party—a Lincoln as president, a Chase as adroit minister of finance, a Stanton as great minister of war, a Seward as secretary of state and diplomat, a Thaddeus Stevens as the Cato of the republic, a Garfield (the so-called marty-president). Blaine as secretary of state three years ago, on occasion of the centennial celebration of the surrender of Yorktown, showered such great and amiable attentions on the seven Steubens, who, as descendants of the American General Von Steuben were present on the invitation of Blaine, that the French descendants of Lafayette, who were also invited guests, became jealous of the Steubens.

Kaiser Wilhelm's Favorite.

[Chicago Tribune.]

Emperor William's favorite flower is that most prosaic, pretty, uninteresting corn flower, the blue bottle—without any perfume, but which looks so bright and healthy in a large field of wheat and so fresh and innocent in the hair of a fair young girl. His grandmother had this same curious taste in respect to flowers.

IN A WINE CELLAR.

A Tour Through the Largest Establishment in the World.

[Paris Cor. San Francisco Chronicle.]

The establishment of M. Calvet & Co., the largest, I believe, in the world, is situated in a street, called the Cour de Medoc. Through great iron gates into a large courtyard half filled with barrels of wine ready for shipment, into a hallway, we went, up carpeted stairs to a reception room, whence we were ushered in the private office of M. Calvet, whose hearty greeting placed us at once entirely at our ease. "I am forbidden by the physician to go down into the cellars, but my son will do the honors of the house in my stead," and as he spoke a young gentleman of about 20 years of age entered the room and was introduced to us. We then went through a large office where a score of clerks were busily engaged working at high desk, through a "tasting-room," where buyers come to test the wines which they are in search of, then "down into the bowels of the earth," where the air was cool and fragrant with the juices of the grape. The regisseur gave us lighted candles to carry, tallow dips fastened at the end of long sticks, and preceded by him and M. Calvet, Jr., we went on a tour of inspection through the dark cellars and gloomy ways of the most wonderful place of the kind I ever saw. Our steps led us through vault after vault, each filled with wine casks in six or eight rows and five to six tiers high. Rows, not against the walls, are composed of two barrels touching each other at one end and having the other on a little alley, which separates them from the next row. Our gentlemanly guide made us taste all the principal wines, and it goes without saying, some of them were the most delicious in existence.

From these vaults or cellars we went into smaller ones, still down under the earth, be it remembered, where cobwebs thrive and green mold grows spontaneously out of the dampness and darkness. In these smaller vaults we found wine in bottles—bottles piled up to the roof, in rows of four deep, and covered with the dirt and the mold of years and years of repose. We wandered from vault to vault, until we had been shown over 1,250,000 of bottles, most of which had been there many years awaiting their turn of maturity. Add to all these almost innumerable bottles the more than 24,000 barrels or barriques in stock in the same cellars—there are 300 bottles in each and every barrel—and you will have some idea of M. Calvet's wine-cellars. We hurried ourselves, but it took us more than two hours to go through the vaults of this grand establishment. My friend and I were both interested in the way which the regisseur had of taking the wine that we tasted from the barrels.

"Have you any preference?" he asked.

"None whatever," was the substance of my reply; but my companion, pointing to one barrique almost hidden beneath a coating of green mold, remarked that that brand might do as a starter. With a very small augur the man bored a hole in the barrel head nearest us, and I expected to see the rich red fluid spirt out. It did nothing of the sort. The man had plenty of time to lay down his augur and take up his crystal ware. Across the head of each barrel is fastened a stout oaken board. Against this board he got a leverage, and with an adze pried on the head stave of the barrel. This pressure pushed the stave inward against the wine, thus forcing it to find vent at the little auger-hole. A buyer, when tasting, seldom swallows the wine in his mouth. He gently shakes the glass about, so as to agitate the wine to the bottom; this permits all the perfume, or bouquet, to rise, so that he may smell it. Then he takes half a mouthful of the wine, but instantly spits it out again. Of course the taste remains and the stomach runs no danger of being too frequently dosed with a liquid which, no matter how fine and valuable it may be, is not exactly suitable to be drunk in this manner.

Canine Instinct.

[Atlantic "Contributors' Club."]

I heard a true story, not long ago, of a lady, fond of dogs and accustomed to them, who went to visit a friend, the owner of a splendid but most formidable animal—a mastiff if I remember rightly. The visitor did not happen to meet with the dog till she suddenly came upon him in a doorway she was about to pass through. It chanced somehow that she did not see him, and, stepping hastily, she unfortunately trod upon his foot or his tail. The huge fellow instantly laid hold of her; but before the dog's master, a short distance off, could hasten to the rescue the lady had looked down, exclaiming quick as thought: "Oh, I beg your pardon!" whereupon the mastiff as quickly let go his grasp. It is plain that this lady had a proper respect for the feelings of dogs in general, prompting to an habitual kindly treatment of them, and instinct led her to apologize at once for the inadvertent injury, as she would have done to a person.

The Mystery Explained.

[Joe Hatton's Letter.]

London is a strange city, full of every kind of possibility—social, criminal, political, romantic.

Let me tell you a story of the day. A gentleman writes for a daily paper. He is an odd sort of person; not very clever, does very ordinary kind of work and very little of it. His salary is small in proportion to his skill and his time. He only labors an hour a day. Nevertheless, he is able to take occasional holidays of several weeks at a time. He leaves a substitute in his place, and sends to his paper interesting notes and paragraphs from strange places abroad, chiefly from Russia. He lately went off on one of these little excursions and has not since been heard of. No telegrams, no letters, no messages of any kind, have reached the office or his collaborator. On inquiring at his rooms and on searching his papers the explanation of the mystery is this: He was a Russian spy, has fallen into a Nihilistic trap, and has been assassinated.

I mention no names, and therefore commit no breach of trust in this romantic record of journalism. The story is not in the newspapers, but it is the talk of press circles.

Dogs' Dispositions.

[Atlantic "Contributors' Club".]

I have noticed with regard to my own and other persons' dogs that their general intelligence is educated or not, according to the manner in which they are treated. Behave habitually toward a dog as though you expected him to conduct himself as a sensible creature, of good-breeding and discretion, and ten to one he will arrive at an understanding of your mind about him, and endeavor to meet your expectations. Treat him on the other hand, as a mere helpless lady's pet, and he becomes a toy, a canine nonentity. Tease him, or bully him, and he turns a cringing coward. I have a fancy that dogs sometimes come to partake of the dispositions of the people they are with. One instance, at least, occurs to me immediately of a dog whose traits are noticeably similar to those of his owners. Many persons profess a fondness for dogs whose actions toward them prove to me that they do not really know what it is to care for the animals in the way of a genuine dog-lover.

Life is short—only four letters in it. Three-quarters of it is a "lie," and a half of it is an "if."

Sadness is a disease; the best remedy for it is occupation.

COTTON FROM CINDER.

The Curious Substance Blown From Furnace Slag by a Steam Jet.

[Pittsburg Chronicle-Telegraph.]

A process for utilizing the slag or cinder from blast furnaces, recently discovered, is now undergoing experiments at the Isabella furnaces, Sharpsburg. The product is in appearance similar to third grade cotton, but in weight is about 30 per cent. heavier. The method of producing the slag fiber is as follows: About thirty feet from the furnaces is a tight inclosure twelve feet square made of boards. Running from this inclosure to within two feet of the gutter, [illegible] which the slag from the furnace is ordinarily tapped, is a tunnel constructed of sheet iron and wood. At the end of the gutter furthest from the tap-hole is a steam pipe so placed that when steam is turned on it strikes against one side of the hot-flowing slag.

The operation blows the slag into innumerable sparks and into the tunnel, where they are met about half-way between the ends of the tunnel by a second steam jet which forces the disintegrated slag into the inclosure. When it gets there it is transformed into the substance heretofore described. The process can be conducted only during the flow of hot slag, which lasts for from fifteen to twenty minutes, and in this time about fifty pounds of the light cotton-like substance is produced. Superintendent H. Kennedy was asked regarding the process and the uses of the product, but he said that the scientists had not yet got to the bottom of the matter. He took a handful and wrapped it around a red-hot poker without the slightest effect on the material, though upon placing the iron into a strong fire it would not burn at the least. A handful of fiber thrown into a hot fire is not affected.

The manufacture of the substance, which is known as mineral wool, was tried at the Lucy furnace some two or three years since, and an establishment is operated by a New York firm, in which W. P. Shinn, of this city, is interested, where it is made. The uses to which it may be applied are various, and as it is practically incombustible it will eventually take the place of asbestos. It has also been used for deadening the sound and reducing the danger from fire in sleeping and ordinary railway coaches, and has been tried by upholsterers for lounges, chairs, and railway-car seats. It has been tried as an inside filling for partitions and joists in dwelling-houses, not only as a protection against the spread of fire, but for deadening sound, but the process of manufacture is still in its infancy, and has not reached perfection by any means. It has, however, been found to be an excellent polishing agent, and is used extensively to polish wire rods and wire fencing.

Sailing in a Cat-Boat.

[Philadelphia Press.]

The vessel of vessels is the cat-boat. It is like sailing in a spacious platter. The cat-boat is as broad as it is long. Our boat was broader than it was long, the dimensions being thirteen feet by twenty-four. This is a nautical estimate. On land one would say, if speaking the truth, that it was twice as long as it was broad. However, the effect is that one might as well feel qualms in a drawing-room, and that it is impossible for the boat to capsize. There is but one man, and he handles the tiller with one hand, shifts the sheets with the other, and entertains you with praises of his craft. He affects great indifference as to the yachts, and says: "We don't think much of 'em."

But to be becalmed in a cat-boat is another thing. With the sun, every faintest zephyr retired to rest. The cat-boat carries but one oar, and, with her great breadth, does not cleave the water with energy. It accordingly took a couple of hours' steady rowing to get back to the wharf. But this is nothing to the results of a calm on land. Almost all the accidents of life when affairs are in suspense can be accounted for. But a belated sailing party, even on a calm summer night, will throw a household into consternation and break up the fountains of the deep which lie in women's eyes.

Sunday in Berlin.

[Eli Perkins' Letter.]

Southern Germany is mostly Catholic and northern Germany is all Protestant. The Emperor William and his household are Protestants. Berlin Sunday is as solemn as any Protestant city in America. The stores are all closed and shutters are up. The Prussian capital is outwardly a very moral town. Even the photographs of the nude pictures in the Paris salon are not allowed in the Berlin store windows.

The same change about Sunday is going on all over Europe. Even the shops in Paris begin to close Sunday. In five years Sunday will be observed in France. Old travelers who remember Paris of 1870 would not know her now Sunday.

Opera and Tobacco.

[Chronicle "Undertones."]

A friend of mine met a well-known millionaire on the Oakland boat a few mornings ago. She had seen the millionaire's family at the opera the night before and had noticed the absence of the head of the house.

"I did not see you at the theatre last night."

"No; I wasn't there."

"I saw the rest of the family there."

"Yes. If you won't give it away I'll tell you frankly I don't take much stock in Italian opera, anyway. I think opera is a good deal like chewing tobacco. You've got to cultivate the taste."

"Rough on Rats" clears out Rats, Mice. 15c.

"Rough on Corns" for Corns, Bunions. 15c.

Thin people. "Wells' Health Renewer" restores health and vigor, cures dyspepsia, &c. $1.

"Rough on Toothache," instant relief. 15c.

Ladies who would retain freshness and vivacity don't fail to try "Wells' Health Renewer."

"Buchu-paiba," great kidney and urinary cure.

Flies, roaches, ants, bed-bugs, rats, mice, cleared out by "Rough on Rats." 15c.

"Rough on Coughs," troches, 15c; liquid, 25c.

For children, slow in development, puny and delicate, use "Wells' Health Renewer."

"Rough on Dentist" Tooth Powder. Try it. 15c.

Nervous Weakness, Dyspepsia, Sexual Debility cured by "Wells' Heath Renewer." $1.

Mother Swan's Worm Syrup, for feverishness, worms, constipation; tasteless. 25c.

Stinging, irritation, all Kidney and Urinary complaints cured by "Buchu-paiba." $1.

Night sweats, fever, chills, malaria, dyspepsia, cured by "Wells' Health Renewer."

My husband (writes a lady) is three times the man since using "Wells' Health Renewer."

If you are failing, broken, worn out and nervous, use "Wells' Health Renewer." $1.

Prevalence of Kidney complaint in America; "Buchu-paiba" is a quick, [illegible] cure. $1.

McKean County Miner

PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION, Payable IN ADVANCE, one year $1.50; six months, $1.00; three months, 75 cents.

ADVERTISING RATES.

Advertisements are published at the rate of [illegible] per one-inch line of space for one insertion; 50 cents for two, and 25 cents for three insertions. Rates by the year or for six or three months are low and uniform, and will be furnished on application. Executors and Administrators notices $3.00 each for six insertions.

Professional cards, not exceeding one inch $5.00 per year.

Local notices 10 cents per line for one insertion, five cents per line for each subsequent consecutive insertion.

Obituary notices over five lines, ten cents per line. Simple announcements of births, marriages and deaths will be inserted free.

All communications should be addressed to L. ROGERS, Editor and Proprietor.

Smethport, Pa., Oct. 24, 1884.

BLAINE

OF MAINE.

REPUBLICAN NATIONAL TICKET.

FOR PRESIDENT,
JAMES G. BLAINE, of Maine.
FOR VICE-PRESIDENT,
JOHN A. LOGAN, of Illinois.

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3. Wm. J. McLaughlin,
4. Edmund L. Levy,
5. Joseph B. Newbold,
6. Horace A. Beale,
7. Alfred [illegible],
8. Isaac McHose,
9. A. F. Wickersham,
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18. B. F. Junkin,
19. Thomas B. Bryson,
20. Wm. P. Duncan,
21. W. H. [illegible],
22. George W. Oliver,
23. Frank Cohen,
24. Michael Weyand,
25. F. N. Randall,
26. Cyrus Kitchen,
27. J. B. Wood.

FOR CONGRESS-AT-LARGE,
GEN. EDWIN S. OSBORNE, Luzerne County.

XXVTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT.

FOR CONGRESS,
HON. W. W. BROWN,
of McKean County.

XXVTH SENATORIAL DISTRICT.

FOR SENATOR,
HON. LEWIS EMERY, JR.,
of McKean county.

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FOR SHERIFF,
A. F. BANNON, of Kendall Creek.
FOR PROTHONOTARY,
J. M. McELROY, of Bradford.
FOR DISTRICT ATTORNEY,
ERNEST KOESTER, of Bradford.
FOR COUNTY COMMISSIONERS,
W. D. GALLUP, of Smethport,
R. A. RICE, of Eldred.
FOR COUNTY AUDITORS,
A. F. BREWER, of Norwich,
GEO. N. BARRETT, of Keating.

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Executive Committee—J. J. C. Andrews, J. W. Shaw, J. C. Brenneman, J. F. Baldwin, L. Rogers, ex officio.
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Bradford city 2d ward, J. A. Fye.
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do 4th ward, J. W. Shaw.
do 5th ward, N. J. Stanton.
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Eldred boro', F. S. Armstrong.
Eldred township, J. M. Slack.
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Hamlin township, Darwin Martin.
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Norwich township, Jonathan Colegrove.
Otto township 1st dist., J. F. Baldwin.
do 2d dist., N. S. Moore.
Port Allegany, E. Horton.
Sergeant township, Robert Dick.
Smethport, John N. Apple.
Wetmore township, George Griffiths.

We are confronted with the democratic party, very hungry, and, as you may well believe, very thirsty—a party without a single definite principle, a party without any distinct national policy which it dares to present to the country; a party which fell from power as a conspiracy against human rights, and now attempts to sneak back to power as a conspiracy for plunder and spoils.—Geo. Wm. Curtis, June, 1884.

LINCOLN'S soul goes marching on!

THE average republican majority in Ohio is 15,605.

IT SEEMS to be Mulligan against Morey, and that Morey will win.

To make Cleveland president would be like making a doctor of divinity out of a saloon keeper.

IT LOOKS funny to see so many champion liars charging Mr. Blaine with telling falsehoods.

THE New York *Journal* says that Grover Cleveland has been known to shed tears. He will get a chance to exercise that function on the 5th of next month.

THE ST. JOHN people are not so noisy as they were earlier in the season. The early frosts seem to have nipped them in the bud. They'll hardly bloom now.

CLEVELAND declared the discussion of the tariff to be "irrelevant" and Barney McCalmont affirms that it is "not an issue." Great minds run in the same channels "exclusively."

REPUBLICANS, look out for democrats who will want to trade you a Blaine vote for some of their county candidates. In this state we don't need Blaine votes badly enough to want to buy them, while we have no votes for our county ticket to throw away. Receive no one to trade nothing, vote the straight ticket, and stick to it.

THEN AND NOW.

The very interesting spectacle was presented last week of the first and (so far) the last candidate of the republican party—Fremont and Blaine—speaking from the same platform; 1856 and 1884 brought together! The first the representative of an idea—a theory—which it made men tremble to attempt to reduce to practice; the last the representative of the full development of that idea and of the grandest achievements ever accomplished by any political party on earth. To all with the least tinge of sentimentality in their natures, the incident was a touching one, especially because both referred to another incident, long since past but not even now devoid of due significance, stated thusly by Mr. Blaine:

"When I was a young man of twenty-six I had the honor to be a member of the national republican convention which nominated General Fremont; and as the general is now on this platform, he will be able to bear testimony that, however inefficient my support may have been, it was very earnest and very ardent."

To which General Fremont very pertinently and very feelingly replied:

"Mr. Blaine has referred to the fact that he was a member of the convention that nominated me in 1856. The loyal and cordial support which I am now giving Mr. Blaine, is the best testimony I can bear to what he has said about his earnest support of me when I had the honor to be at the head of the republican party in its first great national campaign."

Although, when separated from the connected remarks made by both, these words may sound like merely personal compliments, they convey a deep meaning. They show that Mr. Blaine is no recent convert from any other political faith. He stepped boldly into the ranks of the new party among its very first enlistments, and has firmly and unflinchingly stood there and fought the party's battles ever since. He then espoused and has always since been wedded to its principles, and now stands forth as the embodiment and exponent of those principles, which are those of living light and truth.

But the incident suggests other thoughts. These two men, John C. Fremont and James G. Blaine, were present at the birth of the republican party. They stood by it through the trying perils of its struggling infancy. The former, with the help of the latter, led it into its first great contest, in which it suffered nominal defeat but achieved an actual victory. They have stood by it in its maturity as men who have faith in its destiny, and were always ready to give a reason for the faith that was in them. Abused by its own professed friends it may have been, traduced and slandered by its enemies it has been, through all its existence, but it has always presented an unbroken and aggressive front to the enemy. And, no matter what or where the danger lay, or how imperiling it seemed, these two staunch, bold warriors have been found face to face with the foe—the one driving back the armed hordes in the front, and the other the unarmed but no less deadly foes in the rear.

Is it any wonder, then, that these two veteran republicans should congratulate each other on what they both did so long ago, and on the glorious results of their heroic work. They made a party which is firmly established in the hearts of the people and will remain there. That party has ruled the nation wisely and well for twenty-five years; raised the country to a condition of unparalleled prosperity; secured peace at home and with all the world; and will continue its beneficent administration of affairs until civil liberty shall be guaranteed to the humblest citizen of the republic, white or black, which God knows he does not now enjoy in places subject wholly to democratic rule. What a calamity it would be, indeed, if its work should be undone and overthrown. But there is little danger of such a calamity overtaking us.

VOTE FOR McELROY.

Mr. McElroy ought to, and undoubtedly will, receive the vote of every republican in this county. It is universally conceded that he is eminently qualified to discharge the duties appertaining to the office of prothonotary, and there can be no mistake in placing him in that responsible position. We do not want the fact overlooked, that for the past six years, with a decided republican majority in the county, this office has been held by the democratic party. All the emoluments and patronage of the office have gone into democratic hands, thereby assisting materially in keeping up the democratic organization of the county. Republicans, is there any reason or sense in continuing this state of affairs? Correct it by giving McElroy a solid republican vote.

THE English newspaper press is still lending its sympathy to Cleveland, the candidate of the free trade democracy. The London journals have heard of the Ohio election, and endeavor to extract comfort therefrom. The *Standard* says that "Ohio does not decide the contest," that "everything depends upon the vote of New York, where the odds are in favor of the democrats." The *Times* holds similar language, and spitefully says that "Democratic prospects are far brighter than those of the republicans." November will dispel this illusion and leave Johnny Bull to mourn over blasted hopes. It is written in the book of fate that protection shall govern the United States another four years.

IT IS charged on the one hand that Butler is designedly assisting Blaine, and on the other that St. John is rendering like service for Cleveland. Then why need anybody complain, since the two principal candidates suffer about equally? The democratic comparison between Ohio and West Virginia may be used here, and with better sense—"it's a stand-off."

WHY WAS THIS THUS?

Our republican contemporaries are (a little too unkindly, we think), disposed to chaff Carl Schurz on his utter lack of success in stumping Ohio. But, after all, they have some excuse for their levity. It is indeed seldom that a brilliant, able orator, as Mr. Schurz is reputed to be, is able to do as much hard work as he did in the Buckeye state with such splendid results to the cause which he opposes. In that direction, he was eminently successful, and if any man should be gratified by achievements the very reverse of what he strove to accomplish, he would be pardoned for feeling very proud. The Chicago *Tribune* is moved to statistical mirth over the eccentricity displayed by the Ohio German voter in bolting Carl Schurz, refusing to profit by his sage advice tendered in two languages, thus discarding the traditions of his fathers. The *Tribune* puts it in this way:

Schurz spoke twenty-two times in fifteen cities, two hours at a "spoke," both in English and German, and his "spokes" were printed and widely circulated at great expense to the democratic campaign fund. He was sent into the "conscience" section of Ohio for English work, into the German section for Teutonic work, and the net result of his mission is set forth in the following tabulated form. Carl Schurz spoke—

	Rep. gain over last year.
3 times in Cincinnati	5,000
3 times in Cleveland	2,800
2 times in Toledo	2,200
2 times in Youngstown	[illegible]
2 times in Dayton	2,700
1 time in Columbus	[illegible]
1 time in Canton	300
1 time in Zanesville	[illegible]
1 time in Sandusky City	750
1 time in Akron	[illegible]
1 time in Warren (county)	800
1 time in Lorain (county)	600
1 time in Springfield	400
1 time in Athens (county)	[illegible]
1 time in Steubenville	[illegible]
22 speeches." Total republican gains	[illegible]

"These gains are estimated on last year's returns, when the democrats did not have his distinguished assistance, and it will be observed that in four chief German centres Cincinnati, Cleveland, Toledo and Dayton—the gains are largest, showing the invaluable character of his services among his own countrymen as a professional rector.

Mr. Schurz's speeches are alleged to cost the democrats $200 each "spoke." The twenty-two speeches, therefore, must have cost the democratic committee at least $4,400, and this amount we suggest should be refunded by Mr. Elkins to Seven Mule Barnum, leaving him only the burden of satisfying Schurz's traveling expenses. This is but fair and equitable, as Schurz has not fulfilled his share of the contract with Barnum, and the democracy are out both of money and votes. When this bill is satisfied, Mr. Elkins might arrange with Barnum for further speeches by Schurz in other states during the next fortnight, particularly in German sections, at the same rate per speech, Barnum to pay traveling expenses. Let the truth be kept up.

BLAINE'S VIGOROUS WORDS.

Mr. Blaine reached Fort Wayne, Indiana, on Monday afternoon last. When he appeared on the balcony of the hotel in the presence of the immense concourse of people gathered to see him, he was loudly cheered, as he is everywhere. From a part of the crowd came cheers for Cleveland, and when he attempted to speak he was interrupted. He instantly declined to speak there and, leaving the hotel, was driven to a hall. Without entering the hall, however, he stood on the driver's seat of the carriage and addressed the people in the open street after all. The insult which he had received must have somewhat stirred him, for he delivered himself in a good deal more vigorous terms than he usually employs. "The October elections," said he, "in Ohio and West Virginia put a new phase on the national contest. The democrats consider that they have the south solid again. They believe that they will get the electoral votes from sixteen southern states, and hope that they may secure New York and Indiana, and seize the government of the nation. I do not believe that the farmers, business men, manufacturers, merchants, mechanics, and most of all, the soldiers of Indiana, can be put to that use. That seizure can never be made. It means a great deal. It means that the great financial and industrial system of the country would be placed under the direction of the south; that the currency of the banks, tariffs, internal revenue laws, the whole system upon which the business of the country depends, shall be placed under control of that section. There is not a line of the administration upon which the government is conducted to-day to which the democrats of the south are not recorded as hostile, and to give them control would mean a change the like of which has not been known in modern times. Such a triumph would be a fearful misfortune to the south itself. It would organize an administration of resentment, reprisal and revenge." He closed with a vigorous appeal to his hearers to support the republican party and its principles on the 4th of November.

IT IS related that a Boston independent, riding on a train the other day, accosted a young man who said he had just come of age and would cast his first vote on the 4th of November. "Well," brusquely said the B. I., "I suppose you will do yourself the honor to vote for Cleveland and Hendricks." The young voter looked at him intently a moment and then seriously and firmly replied: "My father was killed in the late civil war." The B. I. was answered. He slunk away out of sight, crept out on the platform of the car and silently communed with the brake-handle.

THERE is less money being used politically in Pennsylvania this year than in any presidential canvass for thirty years. Money don't "talk" as it once did in deciding elections. Witness the prodigal use of it in Ohio by the democrats, and the total lack of expected results therefrom.

BLAINE, Butler, St. John and Lockwood are each making a personal canvass. Cleveland alone maintains a position of masterly inactivity. His main strength lies in his silence, for whenever he opens his mouth he only exposes the vacancy behind it.

AN ENDORSEMENT WORTH HAVING.

The following private letter from Judge Williams to Hon. A. T. Barden, of Eldred, ought to have some weight with the people of McKean county in selecting their next sheriff. Mr. Bannon lived many years in Tioga county before he moved to McKean, and all through his boyhood and younger manhood he was well known by Judge Williams. It is with great pleasure that we are permitted to place this unsolicited endorsement of Mr. Bannon before the people of McKean county:

HON. A. T. BARDEN—*My Dear Judge:*—I learn that A. F. Bannon, of Kendall, is a candidate for sheriff in McKean county. I don't know who "the other fellow" is, but I do know Bannon. He is competent, energetic, thorough—a good republican and a man who will both remember and appreciate a kindness. If not already committed to some one else, I trust you may see your way clear to support Bannon. I know that I have no business in McKean politics, but I have a right to express an opinion about men, and I have always found Bannon straight and fearless as a republican and reliable as a man, and I should be glad to do him a favor if I could.

Very truly yours,
H. W. WILLIAMS.

ANOTHER VETERAN SPEAKS.

The following, from Tuesday's Bradford *Star*, fully explains itself:

"The cut-down-in-size evening local republican organ in the issue of Friday night last, accepts the say so of others for the statement that Mr. Jerry Maitland, of Dallas City, says he never authorized his name to be printed in the *Sunday News* among the 'vets' who propose to vote for Cleveland and Hendricks. Mr. Maitland did authorize it, and that in the presence of four witnesses, and until Mr. Maitland appears in person, and not through agents, and makes a disavowal, he will be classed as a Cleveland and Hendricks 'vet.'"

Editor Star:—The above item is clipped from yesterday's issue of the Bradford *Sunday News*. The 'cut-down-in-size evening local,' as it is facetiously called, was correct, and the "agent" wrote at my request. I want to say that I never authorized any one to put my name down as a "Cleveland and Hendricks 'vet.'" I am, and always since their nomination have been, outspoken for Blaine and Logan. Even if I were in favor of Cleveland himself, I never could support that chief of copperheads, Hendricks. Hoping this will satisfy the *News*, I am Very respectfully,

JERRY MAITLAND.

Thomas A. Flynn Resigns.

Several members of the democratic city committee met at the office of Councilman Fowler at No. 13 1-2 Congress street last night. There was not a full attendance. Thomas A. Flynn, who was announced in yesterday's *Era* as a committeeman from the Fifth Ward, was conspicuous by his absence. He was heard from, however, in a way that was not particularly relished by the committee. Mr. Flynn, who has been prominently identified with the Irish American League, and who has been a life-long democrat, recently caused a flurry in local political circles by refusing to serve on the democratic county committee. He is the man whom Mr. Cotter, of Eldred, recently referred to in a speech at the opera house as the only Blaine Irishman in McKean county. Mr. Flynn's letter to Chairman Bowen was as follows:

BRADFORD, Oct. 22.—*Dear Sir:* I see by a card printed in the Bradford *Era* of this date my name is connected as a member of the democratic committee from the "Fifth ward." This, sir, is against my wishes and I hereby tender my resignation as committeeman from said ward, as I have already done, by the way, from the democratic county committee, of which I was a member also. My reasons for this action are, to-wit:

First—Consistently I cannot vote for or support for president, Grover Cleveland.

Second—I am for James G. Blaine, the champion of down-trodden and misruled races; with that excellent statesman from Maine in the presidential chair I am positive that as a friend and champion of the abused races now under tyrannical rule, I will find in him a supporter and friend of the said down-trodden people.

I have adopted for my motto that grand, noble, patriotic and inspiring declaration, "One for all: all for one," and that is, in my opinion, James G. Blaine, all the way through.

Trusting that this communication will be laid before the meeting and that my resignation will be accepted I have sir the honor to remain,

Yours truly, THOS. A. FLYNN.

To E. L. Bowen, Chairman.

—*Bradford Era.*

HON. WILLIAM L. SCOTT finds it hard sledding in his congressional district, in his fight against Capt. Mackey. The old Morey forgery has come up to plague him. His direct connection with that infernal plot has been clearly established and the district flooded with the evidence thereof. The authors and promoters of that unholy conspiracy can never hope to receive honors at the hands of the people of this country again. They ought to migrate to Russia.

THE Philadelphia *Chronicle Herald* is authority for the statement that "since the democratic managers have scanned the returns from the Ohio congressional districts they have ordered that any stumper who opens his mouth on free trade during the next fortnight shall be muzzled on the spot." Too late! too late!

THE Hartford *Post* says that "no man who keeps his collars in a cheese-box can ever be president of the United States." That evidently refers to somebody, but it can hardly be St. John. To make it clearer the *Post* might have inserted, "or his hat in a collar-box."

FRANK HURD was defeated for re-election to congress in Ohio because he foolishly made the tariff an issue in his district and openly and boldly advocated free trade. What a pity he didn't read Grover Cleveland's declaration of its irrelevancy or sit for awhile at the feet of Gamaliels McCalmont and Cotter.

"CLEVELAND and reform!" is still the slogan of the democrats. Reform the solid south and then we will listen with some patience to your plea, but don't insult us with it until you bring us some tangible evidence of your sincerity.

THERE are certain county candidates on the democratic side who, if they should happen by any chance to be elected, might be prevented from taking the oath of office on account of having used money illegally to obtain their elections. Evidence to establish that point will not be lacking where it is needed.

THE democrats are going to wait until after the election to nominate candidates for congress and the senate, so that they, too, can have the field all to themselves, for Brown and Emery have it now and there isn't room to double up.

BARNEY McCALMONT is going through the country still, telling people that the tariff isn't an issue. Barney is an artful dodger, but he can't dodge quick enough to beat Ernest Koester.

THE returns from West Virginia are not all in yet. Is it possible that after the great displays of rooster, last week, our democratic friends are ashamed to show what a small egg he has laid, after all.

Dr. Storrs on Mr. Blaine.

Shortly after the Chicago nominations were made, a statement from the Rev. Dr. Richard S. Storrs, the well-known pastor of the Church of the Pilgrims, Brooklyn, was widely published, in which he expressed a determination to vote for Mr. Blaine, although he had not been eager to have him nominated. The political situation having materially changed since that interview was published, a member of the *Tribune* staff called on Dr. Storrs yesterday and asked him if he still intended to vote for Blaine and Logan. Inquiries were also made as to what he thought of the charges against the head of the republican ticket, his opinion of Cleveland, and his views on the subject of protection to American industries. Dr. Storrs was found in his pleasant study in the rear of his church, in Remsen street, the four walls being lined with books, and large easy chairs and sofas standing in front of an open fireplace. The whole appearance of the room and desk indicated that it was the literary workshop of a busy man. In answer to the questions suggested, Dr. Storrs said:

"No; I haven't changed my mind about voting for Mr. Blaine, except as my purpose to do so is stronger than it was. I was not enthusiastic about his nomination, and perhaps am not yet up to the *Tribune's* level of zeal on the subject; but whatever my vote can do toward his election will certainly be done. It doesn't seem to me that his assailants have shown him to be unworthy of the support of his countrymen. Some of their attacks have been so groundless, and so vicious in temper, that one has to guard himself against reacting to the opposite extreme. But even the more respectable attacks seem to me to have failed to establish charges of falsehood or dishonesty on his part, or to show that he used legislative office for corrupt pecuniary gain. On this last matter I cannot but think there was a very distinct negative pregnant in the fact that Oakes Ames, who was one of the shrewdest of men, never tried, or certainly never with success, to get Mr. Blaine engaged in his schemes about the Union Pacific railroad, while he did enlist in them other distinguished members of congress, to their lasting discredit. Mr. Blaine was comparatively young, with limited means and an increasing household. He could have been of more service to Mr. Ames in forestalling hostile legislation than any five of the men whom the latter secured; and the fact that his hands were wholly clean in that connection casts, I think, a good deal of doubt—to say the least of it—on the subsequent charges against him.

"The sentences extracted from his private correspondence, which have been so incessantly used against him, appear to me fairly susceptible of an interpretation not dishonorable to him, though he certainly was not fortunate or discreet in writing them; and the energetic testimonies to his generally just and generous character, which have come from clergymen and laymen alike who have long known him, are certainly of great weight in his favor. It's all nonsense to say that ministers like Dr. Welch, of Boston, for example, are more credulous than other people where questions of personal character are concerned. They are not buried in abstract discussions. They live among men, and meet all sorts of people; and they recognize a scamp as quickly as anybody. The charge which is often petulantly made in the opposite direction, that they are unduly fastidious and critical, has a far better foundation.

"It seems very clear, too, that since the nominations were made the character of the only other candidate who can by possibility be elected, has received a fatal wound—fatal, that is, to any just aspirations on his part toward the presidency. The suggestion that a man whose history is stained with admitted licentiousness may yet properly and deliberately be put at the head of the nation, must certainly be scouted. Forgiveness is one thing. Popular coronation is quite another. Ethics must surely take precedence of politics. It would seem to me, certainly, a grave offense against the family, against the public honor for chaste womanhood, against the divine law of purity, against the essential welfare of the state, to contribute to elevate to the highest office in the gift of his countrymen a man with a loose woman in his train, and an illegitimate son. I can hardly imagine anything of worse example to the multitudes of young men who are dangerously tempted, and who need whatever succor to their virtue may come from a supporting and imperative public sentiment. It would seem to me to make the nation at large, if not the positive patron of lewdness, at least the careless apologist for it. It would put dishonor upon the American name among all christian peoples. I cannot imagine that the conscience of the country has reached a point of numb weakness where such a thing is possible.

"Then I must say that aside from all questions about the personal character of candidates, my sympathies remain strongly with the republican party. On the great question, for example, which is now so prominent, of the protection by legislation of American industry, I am unreservedly on its side. Looking at the matter in a common sense fashion, without the ghost of a theory to support, it strikes me that the policy of protection to its own industry, on the part of a nation as young as ours, and with a territory so rich in ores and textile materials, is a thing of vital importance. As I apprehend it, such protection consults the interest not only of the workman whose labor is guarded against oppressive competition with the cheap and hopeless labor of foreign countries, but the farmer, who gains readier and wider sale for his products, of even the purchaser of manufactured goods, who gets his fabrics nearly or quite as cheaply in the end as if he had bought them in foreign markets, while the general prosperity stimulated around him is to him, as to others, of vast advantage.

"I know that experts in political economy differ widely on the subject; but to me it seems as plain as the line of a city street that the policy of protection tends to diversify industry, to educate skill, to attract and reward inventive genius, to make a young nation more quickly independent of others, as well as richer in internal resources. That the coal and the iron lie side by side under our hills is not, it appears to me, a fact without meaning. Indeed, any nation wholly given to gathering the annual products of the earth would be likely, I judge, to make more, in the end, of its belly than of its brains. Commerce itself must find, I think, its best development in the exchange of fabrics for which each country offers special facilities, rather than in exchanging the manufactures of one people for the foods or raw materials of others. International competition is thus stimulated, too; and the general level of the world's skill seems to me likely to be lifted.

"I am therefore steadfastly in favor of the policy of protection for American industry. I am sure that the best final condition of the nation demands that all varieties of skilled labor for which appropriate materials exist here, should be domesticated and encouraged among us, and that all philanthropic and christian enterprises going on in the land have an interest in this result. So I do not wish either to vote in the air at the coming election, or to vote for a party which appears disposed to face both ways on a matter so important, and with such wide relations.

"Speaking frankly, my principal recent doubt about voting for Mr. Blaine has arisen from the apprehension that he might incline to make his administration showy and ambitious, rather than practically wise and safe, in its treatment of domestic affairs and in its relation to foreign countries. But he will have to keep in line with his party, or he would put himself on a pillory forty times higher than Haman's gallows. And a party is largely governed by its history. The history of the republican party has certainly been in the main a noble one. The very criticisms now made upon it take whatever they have of swing and sharpness from the comparison of it as it is now assumed by the critics to be with what they understand it to have been a dozen or twenty years ago. No doubt there is some foundation for the criticisms. But I do not believe that the parasitic growths have touched the life of the tree, or that barnacles have weakened the frame of the ship or shorn its sails. The old spirit which ennobled the party in its youth, of patriotic enthusiasm, of fidelity to freedom and righteousness, of philosophical statesmanship, of hospitality to great ideas, and of courageous determination to make the highest of laws supreme in the land—I cannot believe that this has vitally failed. Mr. Blaine seems to me, in his History, and in his remarkable letter accepting the nomination, to show himself in essential accord with this early spirit, which has given the party its great place in the land; and I am confident that if elected he will seek to assist his administration by calling the best men to its councils, and that his aim will be to make his presidency distinguished for wise and generous plans and policies, confirming the nation in unity and peace, while conferring fresh honor on its name in the world.

"This is my controlling belief, and so I shall vote for him, in spite of the dissent of such honored friends as Mr. Curtis, with cordial readiness and with happy expectations."—*N. Y. Tribune.*

At The Telephone.

From the Rochester Post Express.

"Hello, Hello!"
"Hello!"
"Call up Greystone."
(Faint whispers, "Hello?"
"Is that the Sage?"
"Yes. What's the matter?"
"This is Barnum—democratic national committee rooms. We'd like to have you say a few words in favor of Cleveland. Can't you whoop him up a little? Things are looking owly."
"Yes, yes. Oh yes. There is no doubt whatever in the minds of those who have carefully studied the cuneiform inscriptions on prehistoric monuments that—"
"No, no—something about Cleveland. Whoop her up for Cleveland."
"Oh, yes—didn't catch on—yum-yum—b z z—in a similar way—the Grecian Republics—choosing Archons—"
"Hold on, we want it for this campaign."
"Yes, yes, I'm coming to it—yum-yum—the traditions of the party—yum-yum—patriots of the revolutions—yum-yum—Franklin, Jefferson, Sam Adams, Hancock—"
"Which Hancock?"
"John—you fool."
Barnum (Aside)—"He's giving us the names of the signers of the Declaration of Independence." (*To the Sage*): "You don't understand me, Mr. Tilden. We want you to whoop her up for Cleveland. Can't you say something to encourage the independents? They're getting uneasy."
"Oh, yes, independents; yes, yes, I see—yum yum—the self-complacent Pharisees—"
"Oh, that won't do. What we want is something to give the canvass a boost. We've got to have some money. When may we expect your contribution?"
"Contribution? Yes, yes; very valuable contribution to political history. I will write it out in full for the press."
Barnum (getting impatient): "The committee want to know, Mr. Tilden, if you're going to do anything to help us elect Cleveland."
"Oh, yes; I begin to catch on. Who is Cleveland, anyhow?"
"He's our candidate."
"Candidate? What's he running for?"
"For president."
"Oh, is he? Well, I presume it's all right, though I don't recall the name. Yes, I'll contribute a letter on the Kentucky resolutions of '98. It may not help Cleveland, but it will educate the people, if you give it a wide circulation—Yum-yum."
Barnum (hanging up the telephone): "That couldn't have been the old man. Somebody must have cut in."

A Well-Earned Tribute.

Ananias: Sapphira, dear, have you seen The New York *World* for Wednesday?

Sapphira: No my love: why do you ask?

Ananias: Because you'll find a paragraph in it that you must not miss. You and I Sapphira, have sometimes flattered ourselves that what we didn't know of the fine old art of applied mendacity was not worth knowing.

Sapphira: And do you mean to tell me that we have been eclipsed? O, no, Ananias, not that.

Ananias: Well, I mean just that. The Ohio election has waked to ecstasy a living liar whose efforts throw the most consummate of our own exertions into the shade. It is just as well that we died when we did! Had we been spared until this hour we would have been compelled to undergo the humiliation of seeing the championship wrested from us.

Sapphira: You must be mistaken.

Ananias: Listen and judge for yourself. I clipped this from *The World* of to-day: "The result of the election in Ohio yesterday is a drawn battle with a slight advantage to the democracy." How does that seem to strike you, my cherished helpmeet? Just recall the best of the whoppers you and I were accustomed to produce in our prime down there in Asia Minor, and then tell me frankly if there is one of them that can compare with this gem of *The World*.

Sapphira: (With voice suffused with emotion.) There's no use denying it, this *is* the consummate flower of mendacity. Ah, we were but bunglers, mere amateurs; this modern has taught us what a first-class, double-and-twisted, yard wide, twenty-four carat, double-heeled-and-toed, boiler-plated, copper-bottomed, conscience-proof lie really is. Don't let us give way to envy, Ananias, because another has beaten us at our own chosen vocation. Let us stifle envy with admiration.

Ananias: Bravely spoken, my own Sapphira! Suppose we send *The World* a joint note expressive of our appreciation of his latest truth-crusher?

Sapphira: I'm with you. Write something handsome and I'll sign.

The joint note which, through the kindness of an able spiritual medium slate-writer, was conveyed to *The World*, read as follows:

To *The World*, New York, U. S. A.: The undersigned severally and jointly desire to express their unstinted admiration of your comment upon the Ohio election. For a great many years they have held the field of practical mendacity against all comers, but this comment convinces them that it would be folly for them to compete with you. Bowing in the presence of a superior artist, we remove the badges of merit which for centuries have adorned our own breasts, and beg you will pin them upon yours. Permit us to add that it would be well for you to send your post-office address to Apollo, so that the next time he desires to appear in his favorite role of striking the liar, he may know where he may find a good article to strike. *Sic itur*, etc.

Professionally yours,
ANANIAS.
SAPPHIRA.

MISCELLANEOUS.

BROWN'S IRON BITTERS
Trade Mark
QUALITY NOT QUANTITY. P PURITY
On Every Bottle.
—THE BEST TONIC.
PHYSICIANS AND DRUGGISTS RECOMMEND IT.

This medicine, combining Iron with pure vegetable tonics, quickly and completely Cures Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Weakness, Impure Blood, Malaria, Chills and Fevers, and Neuralgia.

It is an unfailing remedy for Diseases of the Kidneys and Liver.

It is invaluable for Diseases peculiar to Women, and all who lead sedentary lives.

It does not injure the teeth, cause headache, or produce constipation—*other Iron medicines do.*

It enriches and purifies the blood, stimulates the appetite, aids the assimilation of food, relieves Heartburn and Belching, and strengthens the muscles and nerves.

For Intermittent Fevers, Lassitude, Lack of Energy, &c., it has no equal.

☞ The genuine has above trade mark and crossed red lines on wrapper. Take no other.

Made only by BROWN CHEMICAL CO., BALTIMORE, MD.

Great Reduction
IN PRICES.

John C. Hamlin will sell for the next thirty day

Hardware, Paints,
Oils, Stoves, Etc.

At Prices Astonishingly
Low for Cash.

For example:
Nails, - - - - - $2 30 per keg.
Building Paper, - - - [illegible] cts per lb
Cornell White Lead, - - [illegible]
Armstrong & McKelvey White Lead, - - [illegible]
Pure Linseed Oil, - - 60 cts per gal.

Smethport, Pa., Oct. 8, 1884.

JEWELRY
of all descriptions.
SILVER-WARE
The Best Made.
POCKET CUTLERY
TOYS,
A Full Assortment.
SPECTACLES
AND
EYE-GLASSES

And all Goods in my line for which I will DUPLICATE any REGULAR DEALERS Prices.

I Will match the
'ROCKFORD'
Watches against the World for time and money
All kinds of
REPAIRING
a specialty, and all work WARRANTED.
Call and See us.

M. L. Armstrong,
Main St. SMETHPORT, PA.

MISCELLANEOUS

THE BEST SHOES.

WHEN YOU WANT
BOOTS AND SHOES
—GO TO—
G. A. GROVES & SON,
NO. 28 MAIN ST., BRADFORD, PA.

They Will Charge You Fair Prices, But They Warrant Their Goods to be Just as Represented.

You Cannot Afford to Buy From Irresponsible Parties

They Sell the Best At Lowest Prices.

G. A. GROVES & SON,
No. 28 MAIN STREET, - BRADFORD.

New Goods Just Received
At D. C. YOUNG'S.

IMMENSE STOCK OF
Spring and Summer Clothing
For Men, Boys and Children.
LADIES' AND GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS
Complete Line of
DRY GOODS
BOOTS AND SHOES,
HATS AND CAPS,
CARPETS, OIL CLOTHS, ETC
And Full Stock of
CHOICE GROCERIES!
All of which were bought CHEAP FOR CASH, and will be sold accordingly.
CALL AND EXAMINE MY STOCK—NO TROUBLE TO SHOW GOODS.
D. C. YOUNG,
Smethport, Pa., Sept. 26, 187[illegible]

JOHN DIGEL'S
MARBLE WORKS.
Monumental
and
Mantel Designs
Executed in the Best Style from either
→MARBLE ✢ OR ✢ SLATE←
Water Street, Smethport, Pa.

J. G. HABERNIGG,
Bradford's Most Reliable Merchant Tailor,
Has just received a Complete Stock of New Spring Goods,
FRENCH, ENGLISH,
AUSTRIAN, GERMAN,
AND AMERICAN

No other tailor in the oil region gives the same class of work and same quality cloth and trimmings for the amount of money. No tailor in the world can give better fits, and will sell suits from $20.00 up and pants from $6.00 up.

P. S.—I will remain for the coming year at my store on Washington street. This will make my expenses much less, and enable me to give my customers better bargains than ever. EVERYTHING STRICTLY CASH.

J. G. HABERNIGG,
No. 8 Washington St., Bradford, Penn'a.

IMPORTANT REDUCTION IN THE PRICE OF
VASELINE
(PETROLEUM JELLY.)
One Ounce bottles reduced from 15 cts. to 10 cents
Two Ounce bottles reduced from 25 cts. to 15 cents
Five Ounce bottles reduced from 50 cts. to 25 cents
The public must not accept any but original goods bottled by us, as the imitations are worthless.
Chesebrough Manufacturing Co., New York.

H. W. RUBIN,
DEALER IN
GOLD AND SILVER WATCHES
JEWELRY AND SILVERWARE.
Having employed a first-class Watchmaker and Engraver, I am now prepared to do all of such work as belongs to the trade. All work warranted. I have also on hand a fine assortment of
Clothing, and Gents' Furnishing Goods.
Main Street, SMETHPORT, PA.

McKean County Miner

Smethport, Pa., Oct 24 1884.

NOTICE TO SUBSCRIBERS.

[illegible] on your paper shows the time to which [illegible] the paper regularly [illegible] with the mails which not [illegible]

NEIGHBORHOOD NEWS.

[illegible]

[illegible]

Winter is coming.

School in session [illegible] week.

Where is your overcoat?

[illegible] of men so happy.

Quite a snow storm yesterday.

The hose fair was a grand success.

[illegible]

Al Pierce is fitting up a bowling alley.

It is getting to be time to hunt up your Thanksgiving turkey.

This is what you might call a gal—a walk for Smethport.

There will be a burlesque polo game at the rink to-night.

G. A. R. camp fire next Thursday afternoon and evening.

The Opera House skating rink is again open to the public.

The [illegible] fair was notably free from subscription books.

The hose boys fed nearly 800 persons at their fair last Wednesday evening.

There are one hundred and twelve teachers in attendance at the institute this week.

In our next issue we will give an extended report of the proceedings of the institute.

Everybody said the republican parade of last Wednesday was the finest ever witnessed in this place.

Smethport capitalists are talking of buying up the gas company stock now held by Bradford parties.

One week from next Tuesday is election. Candidates are now putting in full time on the war path.

The grand Democratic rally that was advertised to come off last evening at the Opera House, failed to materialize.

James G. Blaine will visit Jamestown, N. Y., next Monday. He will be tendered a rousing reception by the republicans of that city.

John Cox, bar tender at the Scott House at Port Allegany, was fatally stabbed by Bill Cole, a well known character of that town, on Tuesday last.

Governor Cleveland was assaulted by a man named Boone on the streets of Albany, last Monday. He said he never intended to do Cleveland any harm and was permitted to go free.

President Arthur will marry Miss Lilly, the eldest daughter of Secretary Frelinghuysen, some time in January next. The president is now fifty four years of age, and Miss Frelinghuysen is twenty nine.

The McKean Miner says: "Miss Kate Mullin is lying seriously ill at the residence of C. A. Burdick. Her many friends hope for her speedy recovery." Why did not the Miner say that the young lady's sickness was caused from a terrible fall while skating in the rink there one day last week?—*Emporium Independent.* Because such is not the case.

The death of the wife of the late Thomas R. Frisbee, of Coryville, occurred last Sunday morning. Her illness was of a violent character and brought her to an almost immediate end. The funeral was held at the Union church Tuesday afternoon and was largely attended. She was universally esteemed and will be greatly missed in the community.

To The Public.

Whereas certain evil minded persons have been using the names of my wife and Dr. S. D. Freeman in an extremely slanderous and vicious connection, I simply would say that there is no truth in the vile stories afloat, and that I have now and always have had, the utmost confidence in both my wife and the Doctor. Any words or actions which led to such reports were the result of my own ill temper without any sufficient cause.

C. A. BURDICK.

Smethport, Pa., Oct. 21, 1884.

Camp Fire.

The McKean Post 347, G. A. R., will hold its second annual camp fire and dance on the afternoon and evening of Thursday, October 30, at the roller skating rink. Nineteen posts from this and adjoining counties have been invited and have signified their intention to participate. Addresses will be made by Hon. David Sterrett, Col. E. H. Brady and Dr. H. A. Page. The camp fire will be lighted at 12 o'clock sharp and dinner will be free to all. Dancing will commence at 9:00 o'clock p. m., and music will be furnished by the Randolph band.

The Hose Fair.

The third annual fair of the Smethport hose company, which closed last evening, was the finest affair ever held under the auspices of that company. It is to the ladies of this place that the boys are indebted in a great measure, for the successful manner in which it was conducted. They worked early and late, contributed provisions and fancy work, and did all in their power to make the fair a profitable one. A large crowd kept time to the inspiring music of the Randolph band. The company will clear about $400 and the new uniforms they need so much are now assured. Vall Poff was the winner of the hose badge, he having turned in $165, and his opponent, A. H. Peirce, walked up with $86. Dan O'Keefe had the lucky number that drew the crayon portrait worth $50.

A Republican Outpouring.

The parade and meeting in this place on Wednesday night last was a grand success. Never before in the history of Smethport was such a torch light parade seen in its streets, and never before was a more magnificent meeting convened or one more ably addressed than was the meeting in the Court House that evening. For two hours and a half Senator Hiscock by his matchless eloquence, held the immense audience as if spell-bound. His arraignment of the democratic party, as a party, was most scathing, and his arguments in favor of protection were overwhelmingly conclusive. We would be glad to give more space to his speech this week but time and space prevents. We can only say that it must be productive of good.

Baptist Church.

Services next Sunday at 10.30 a. m. and 7 p. m.

The subject last Sunday evening was "A mighty little word." Next Sunday evening it will be "Another and a still mightier little word."

At 3 o'clock services will be held at Gallup school house.

REPUBLICAN MEETINGS.

There will be a meeting on Bells Run, Ceres township, at the white school house, on Wednesday evening, Oct. 29.

On Monday evening, Nov. 3rd, there will be a meeting at Rodell. Speakers will be supplied for both the above named places on the dates stated.

Any locality desiring to have meetings during the coming week, will please notify the chairman of the republican county committee at once and speakers will be provided.

There will be no Blaine and Logan meeting to-night.

There will be one of the grandest republican rallies and torchlight processions at Bradford, one week from to-morrow night, that was ever witnessed in this county. All the Blaine and Logan marching clubs in the county will participate and Bradford will blaze with the light of hundreds of torches. Senator John Stewart will address the people in the evening. The Smethport marching club will leave here at 5 o'clock in the evening, by a special train on the B. B. & K. R. R. and all members are requested to meet at headquarters at 5 o'clock sharp, in uniform.

John Brown for Congress.

A special to the *Era* from Corning says that the Prohibitionists of the Seventeenth Congressional district met Wednesday and unanimously nominated John Brown, of Bradford, for Congress and A. [illegible], of Osceola, Tioga county, for State Senator.

The aspirants for Congressional honors are now three in number. All live in Bradford. They are Hon. William Wallace Brown, Republican, renominated; W. C. Kennedy, People's party and John Brown, Prohibitionist.

There are rumors afloat to the effect that the Democrats will fuse with the People's party and endorse W. C. Kennedy.

The People's Ticket.

The peoples party met in Bradford and nominated the following ticket:

For congress—Wm. C. Kennedy, of Bradford; for state senator—John P. Zane, of Bradford; for member of assembly—A. H. Low, of Duke Centre; for sheriff—David P. Connolly, of Rew; for prothonotary—S. F. Rhodes of Keating township; for commissioners—J. E. Blair of Bradford and J. T. Burkholder of Bradford township; for county auditors, J. H. McKelip of Summit City and J. W. Stearns, of Custer City. There was no nomination for district attorney.

World's Industrial Exposition.

Governor Abbett of New Jersey, has issued a proclamation engaging all individuals and corporations, and all state officials [illegible] in securing both individual and State exhibits that will reflect credit upon New Jersey in the coming World's Industrial and Cotton Centennial Exposition at New Orleans. The Governor requests the representatives of all manufacturing and other industries of the State, as well as officials and all citizens interested in the Exposition to consult with him at an early day.

Death of O. A. Hotchkiss.

A telegram was received by George Stewart announcing the death at Vineland, N. J., Tuesday, of O. A. Hotchkiss, Esq. Deceased came to Bradford in 1876, and was for several years a member of the well known law firm of Hotchkiss & George. He never was a robust man, and the wear and tear of oil region life so told upon his frail constitution that he was advised to leave the country and locate in New Jersey. He left Bradford about four weeks ago. The cause of death [illegible]. The interment took place at Vineland yesterday.—*Bradford Era.*

Wilson's Wail.

A miserable incognito sheet that is anything for money, that is bought each year into the support of the men who will furnish the most money upon it, should be devoid of influence. A word in the columns of such a paper in favor of a candidate should prove injurious rather than beneficial, while a candidate who will invest his money to purchase the influence of such a blackmailing sheet and permit a respectable organ in his own party to go unrewarded, for honest, faithful labor in his behalf, deserves to be defeated.—*McKean Democrat.*

Can it be possible that Brother Wilson's "respectable organ" is left out in the cold.

Two of Our Next Commissioners.

Messrs. Rice and Gallup, the republican candidates for county commissioners, are in every way entitled to the hearty support of the intelligent voters of McKean. They are property holders, possessing in every detail a knowledge of the taxpayers' rights. When it is understood that the triennial assessment will be made during the term of the commissioners to be elected in November, the necessity for having officials who appreciate our wants in the direction of tax reform becomes a transparent duty. Our present tax rate was made when the income of the property holders in nearly every section of the country was largely in excess of what it is now. At that time the taxpayer could readily afford to pay the enormous sums that were annually exacted from them. But things have changed and we are now experiencing that depression that prevails in all sections of the country. With this object, if no other in view, it becomes the bounden duty of the taxpayer and property holder to make selections from men of this kind. Such choice becomes a matter of business wholly beyond the pale of politics. The taxpayers of McKean county, through their fabulous contributions toward making costly, permanent improvements, have justly earned the right to be favored by some radical adjustments in the entire tax system. Messrs. Rice and Gallup, as property holders, realize that we are, and openly promise to grant us that speedy relief which their election would place within the reasonable range of their official power.

The foregoing, from the Bradford *Era*, voices the sentiment of a large majority of the people of this county as to the next board of commissioners. Messrs. Rice and Gallup are as familiar with the requirements of the people, as to the collection and disbursement of the funds raised by taxation as any two men in the county. Being taxpayers themselves, they will hesitate long before imposing an excessive rate of taxation upon the people or incurring improper indebtedness. They are just the men to represent the taxpayers in the board of commissioners for the coming three years, and they should be elected by a rousing majority.

Because Cleveland used to room here does it follow that public speakers should get a permit from his followers before they step on the platform?—*Buffalo Telegraph.*

COMMUNICATIONS.

The editor of this paper is not responsible for views expressed under the above heading. Correspondents in order to receive attention should be concise and reveal their identity simply as a matter of good faith.

THE REPORTER'S LIES.

EDITOR MINER—There are things which flesh and blood cannot comfortably stand—for instance, an iceberg in July, or the following which I clip from the Port Allegany *Reporter*: "The *Reporter* aims to labor for its party but will not willingly distort facts or (nor) misrepresent men to accomplish that result." If that is not the coolest thing that has been passed around for the last few months then you may take my hat. Why, it has been my earnest wish for a long time to have a copy of that paper reach me that did not contain more than one monstrous falsehood. The editor says he would not willingly lie, then it must be that he lies unconsciously, or perhaps he is paid a penny a lie. If that be a fact he will soon be able to retire on a competence. The *Reporter* knows it lies when it says that Blaine lied about his interest in the Hocking Valley Coal property. It knows it lies when it asserts that Blaine belonged to the know-nothing organization. It knows it lies when it says that every day adds new testimony to Blaine's disgraceful record. A lie though repeated every day is not new testimony. It would not be a lie if the *Reporter* would say that every day adds to Blaine's popularity.

The *Reporter* believes, "that the democratic principles can be maintained without misrepresentation or wanton vilification." Why does not the editor of that paper practice what he believes? He may believe there is a narrow road that leads to a better world than this, and he may possibly believe that he is traveling that road now, but no one else believes so. He will never see a better world than this. The most ultra Universalist can give him no hope. He will not be separated from his companions in iniquity in the life to come. If the editor of the *Reporter* does not wish to willfully misrepresent a political adversary, if he does not wish to lie, and wishes them all to continually repeat the lie in every issue of his paper he will willingly publish Mr. Lee's letters vindicating Mr. Blaine from the charge of falsehood in one case at least. Let him show his manliness by at least one retraction or else never again publish such a statement as I have quoted from a late issue of his paper. Let him publish these two and only these two letters and we will try and believe that he is sincere in his professions.

Your party, dear *Reporter*, is the same lying party of old. You lie no worse now than you did in 1880. You have not yet got down on your bellies and crawled along the sidewalks chalking "329." It is about time you got down to that business. Let us have something similar to the Morey forgery. Lies are becoming monotonous. I can in fancy see the old original devil sulking in a corner of his domain wondering how it is possible for that a portion of humanity can outlie the father of lies. As the devil disappears from view and the democratic party or at least its editors take his place we can mournfully say to the devil *requiescat in pace.*

VERITAS.

Kendall Heard From.

KENDALL CREEK, Pa., Oct. 19, 1884.

EDITOR MINER:

Fair play is a jewel. While the fact is recognized by both the republicans and democrats that crooked work was done at the democratic county convention in order to secure the shrievalty of the county, that it might be continued in the hands of the Sartwells, who will sacrifice every man on their ticket in order to secure their ends, is a fact beyond dispute. While we have no mud to throw toward the candidate on the democratic ticket, we cannot lose sight of the manner in which the household are conducting the canvass. Money for the press, should have no influence in regards to the men. A. F. Bannon the republican nominee, is a man whose reputation stands equal to any man in McKean county, not saying a word against Mr. Sartwell as an individual. Because he has no money to secure votes by treating men to a drink of whisky or purchasing the influence of a certain paper in the county which has ever stood open to the highest bidder is a question of vital importance for the voters to consider. Why should any republican vote against his principles in order to elevate a man who, in politics is entirely antagonistic to him. Upon this principle we base our suggestions to every republican voter. Let the Sartwell family, while the house is divided politically, stand by their principle whether democrat or republican. A. F. Bannon is a republican from principle and has ever stood by the colors and defended those principles, as every republican in McKean knows and we ask every republican to act the part of a republican and vote for a man who has been tried and true. And so with all the ticket. Each and every candidate is well qualified to fill the respective offices for which they were nominated by the republican party, and we believe that on November fourth, when the republicans will have voted, the returns will show that they proved loyal to the flag, loyal to the party and loyal to their principles. If they do this we are sure to win, and rejoice in the pleasure of having gained another victory.

* *

PERSONAL MENTION.

We would deem it a favor if those having friends visiting in this place would notify us by postal or by leaving a notice at this office.

Robert King and wife were visiting in Emporium the first of the week.

Mrs. J. R. Townsend, of Clermont, accompanied by her son Harry, spent a few days in Emporium this week.

Mrs. John Wildman, Jr., of South Otselic, Chenango county N. Y., and Mrs. Van Smith, of Cincinnatus, Cortland county, N. Y., sisters of Mrs. Rev. F. H. Gates, are spending a number of days in town.

Mrs. L. Rogers and son Stoull, who have been spending the summer in this place, returned to their home in Harrisburg, yesterday.

Will Degarmo, who has been West for the past few months returned home the first of the week.

Frank Kerns, who has been visiting in the southern part of the State for the past few weeks, returned home yesterday.

Mrs. A. E. Taylor had the misfortune to sprain her ankle, while superintending some repairs that are being made in the Grand Central Hotel, on Monday last.

W. T. Caller has sold his drug store to H. C. Wells, of Aiken.

NOTES AND COMMENTS.

"WHAT'S your politics," inquired a lad of six or seven, of a miss about his own age, the other day. "Well," she replied, after a moment of profound thought, "I ain't sure. Papa is a 'publican, mama's a democrat, and so I guess I must be a half-breed."—*Marquette Mining Journal.*

ONE shudders to think of the avalanche of slander that would descend upon this devoted country should John Smith ever be nominated for the Presidency.—*Buffalo Express.*

DON'T let political fears disturb your serenity. Keep cool, vote for Blaine and protect your home and family.—*Hartford Post.*

TO-DAY the vital question for Grover is not whether he will carry New York, but—whether New York will carry him much longer.—*Judge.*

OYSTERS by the dish—raw, stewed or fried—at the Bakery.

SEND money by American Express Co. money orders. Receipts given. Money refunded if orders are lost. Sold at all offices of the company. Payable at 6,500 places. Rates. To $5-5c; $10 8c; $20 10c; $30 12c; $40 15c; $50 20c.

M. L. ARMSTRONG,
20-6m Agent for Company.

LARGE new stock of fall goods consisting of clothing, robes and gents furnishing goods etc. at D. C. Young's.

DO NOT forget that Miss Carson is selling off her large stock of millinery goods at an immense sacrifice. Call and be convinced.

FOR lunches go to the Bakery.

GREAT reduction in prices of millinery goods at Miss Carson's, for the next 20 days. Don't fail to call and take advantage of the present prices.

NEW goods just received at D. C. Young's store.

MISS E. CARSON is offering for the next 20 days her large stock of millinery at cost, to make room for her fall stock.

GOOD flour at the Bakery, from $1 50 to $1 90 per sack.

FOR confectionary go to the Bakery.

MILLINERY goods sold at panic prices at Miss Carson's.

FOR teas and coffees go to the Bakery.

CREAM of the Valley flour only $1 50 per sack at D. C. Young's store, Main street.

CALL and examine the large stock of goods just received from New York at D. C. Young's, Main street.

FRESH oysters at the Bakery, by the dish or measure. 39—tf

The latest style of hats and all kinds of gents furnishing goods at D. C. Young's store, Main street.

GOOD PAY FOR AGENTS. [illegible] Write to J. C. McCurdy & Co. Philadelphia, Pa.

Dissolution Notice.

THE PARTNERSHIP HERETOFORE EXISTING under the firm name of Van Wormer & Lamphere [illegible] dissolved by mutual consent. [illegible] F. M. Van Wormer [illegible]

F. M. VAN WORMER,
[illegible]

[illegible]

PATENTS

[illegible] C. A. SNOW & CO.,
Opposite Patent Office, Washington, D. C.

MILK! MILK! MILK!

The undersigned takes pleasure in announcing to the citizens of Smethport and vicinity that his arrangements are finally completed, and that on Monday, February 2, he will establish a

NEW MILK ROUTE!

Pure, Fresh and Rich Milk.

At 6 Cents a Quart

until Spring when the price will be reduced. The patronage of the public is respectfully solicited and satisfaction guaranteed.

Wm. Ramer.

Smethport, Pa., Jan [illegible]

J. C. HAMLIN.

—DEALER IN—

HARDWARE, STOVES, Etc.

CUTLERY,

AGRICULTURAL TOOLS. PAINTS,

OILS, GLASS, PUTTY,

SHELF FURNITURE and TIN WARE.

JOB WORK of all kinds done on short notice and at reasonable rates.

☞Customers say that J. C. Hamlin sells goods as low if not lower than they can get them in any other store in the county.

SMETHPORT, cor. Church and Main.

New Spring Goods

MISS CARSON

Has just received a complete stock of the latest styles of

Millinery Goods!

And is prepared to suit patrons with HATS and BONNETS trimmed in the

LATEST AND FRESHEST STYLES.

☞Give her a call before purchasing. Don't forget the place—DIRECTLY OPPOSITE THE COURT HOUSE, [illegible]

CALL ON

C. L. DOUGLASS

For Your

DRY GOODS, GROCERIES,

Boots & Shoes, Etc.

He keeps on hand the best goods the markets afford. Also Proprietor of

SMETHPORT GRIST MILL.

Feed and Meal

of the very best quality at the very lowest prices. Custom work done on short notice.

Mechanic St., SMETHPORT, PA.

Help Wanted—Females.

WANTED—In every town, city and county, an intelligent, energetic lady of good address and some business ability, to introduce to the trade and consumers, Madam Dean's celebrated Spinal Supporting Corset. Splendidly advertised, highly recommended by the leading Modistes, the fashionable dressmakers, and the most eminent physicians of the United States and Europe. Liberal pay. Agents are making $50 to $85 weekly. Address,

LEWIS SCHIELE & Co.,
42-4t. 390 Broadway, New York.

LEGAL.

Executrix's Notice.

WHEREAS letters testamentary to the estate of Thomas Strait, late of Otto township, McKean county and state of Pennsylvania, deceased, have been granted to the subscriber, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment and those having claims or demands against the estate of the said decedent will make known the same without delay to

LYDIA ANN STRAIT, Executrix.

Prentissvale, Pa., Aug. 21, 1884. 36-6t.

Assignee's Notice.

Notice is hereby given that N. D. Batterson of Mount Jewett, McKean County, Pennsylvania, by deed of voluntary assignment, has assigned all the estate, real and personal of the said N. D. Batterson to Thomas A. Morrison of said county and state, in trust, for the creditors of the said N. D. Batterson. All persons, therefore indebted to the said N. D. Batterson, will make payment to the said Assignee, and those having claims or demands, will make known the same without delay.

THOMAS A. MORRISON,
Assignee of N. D. Batterson.

Smethport, Pa., Sept. 25th, 1884.—40-6t.

LEGAL.

God Save The Commonwealth.

Election Proclamation.

PURSUANT TO AN ACT OF THE GENERAL Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania entitled "An Act relating to the Elections of this Commonwealth," approved the 2d day of July, 1839, I, ALONZO I. WILCOX, sheriff of the county of McKean, Pennsylvania, do hereby make known and give notice to the electors of the county aforesaid, that a General Election will be held in the said county of McKean on TUESDAY, the FOURTH day of NOVEMBER 1884 for the purpose of electing the several officers hereinafter named:

Thirty persons for Electors for President and Vice President.
One person for Congressman-at-Large.
One person for Congress.
One person for State Senator.
One person for Representative.
One person for Sheriff.
One person for Prothonotary etc.
One person for District Attorney.
Three persons for County Commissioners.
Three persons for County Auditors.

I also make known and give notice as in and by [illegible] of said Act I am directed that every person excepting Justices of the Peace who shall hold any office or appointment of profit or trust under the Government of the United States or this State, or of any city or incorporated district whether a commissioned officer or otherwise a subordinate officer or agent who is or shall be employed under the legislative, judiciary or executive departments of this state or the United States or any city or incorporated district and also that every member of Congress, State Legislature and of select and common council of any city, or commissioner of any incorporated district, is by law incapable of holding or exercising at the same time the office or appointment of judge, inspector or clerk of any election of this Commonwealth and that no inspector, judge or any other officer of any such election shall be eligible to any office then to be voted for.

Also that in Sec. [illegible] of the Act of Assembly entitled "An Act relating to Elections and for other purposes," approved April 16, 1840 it is enacted that the aforesaid Sec. 13 shall not be construed as to prevent any military or borough officer from serving as judge, inspector or clerk of any general or special election in this Commonwealth.

By Act of Assembly of July 3, 1839 it is also made the duty of every mayor, sheriff, alderman, justice of the peace, constable of every city, county, township or district, within this commonwealth whenever called upon by any officer of an election or by three qualified electors thereof to clear any window or avenue to the window of the place of general election which shall be obstructed in such a way as to prevent voters from approaching the same and it shall be the duty of every respective constable of each ward, district or township within this commonwealth to be present or by deputy at the place of holding elections [illegible] for the purpose of preserving the peace as aforesaid.

Also that in the sec. 1 of Act of Assembly entitled "An act regulating the mode of voting at elections in the several counties of this commonwealth," approved March 30, 1866 it is enacted that the qualified voters of the several counties of this commonwealth at all general, township, borough and special elections are hereby hereafter authorized and required to vote by tickets printed or written or partly printed and partly written severally classified as follows: One ticket shall embrace the names of all judges of courts voted for [illegible] one ticket shall embrace the names of all state officers voted for [illegible] one ticket shall embrace the names of all county officers [illegible] each class shall be deposited in separate ballot boxes.

I also hereby make known and give notice that the places of holding the aforesaid general election in the several townships, boroughs and wards within the county of McKean are as follows:

[illegible]

Annin township at the [illegible] school house.

The borough of Smethport in southeast corner of the court house.

[illegible]

First Ward—First Precinct—Pullman House. [illegible]

[illegible]

Wharton? [illegible] The township of Hamlin at the school house [illegible]

[illegible]

WHEREAS, The Fifteenth Amendment of the Constitution of the United States is as follows:

"Sec. 1. The right of citizens of the United States to vote shall not be denied or abridged by the United States or by any state on account of race, color or previous condition of servitude.

Sec. 2. Congress shall have power to enforce this article by appropriate legislation."

And Whereas, The Congress of the U. S., on the thirty-first day of March, 1870, passed an Act entitled "An Act to enforce the right of citizens of the U. S. to vote in the several states in this Union and for other purposes," the first and second sections of which are as follows:

"Sec. 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That all citizens of the U. S. who are or shall be otherwise qualified by law to vote at any election by the people in any state, territory, district, county, city, parish, township, school district, municipality or other territorial sub-division shall be entitled and allowed to vote at all such elections without distinction of race, color or previous condition of servitude, any constitution, law, custom, usage or regulation of any state or territory, or by or under its authority, to the contrary notwithstanding.

Sec. 2. And be it further enacted, That if by or under the authority of the constitution or laws of any state, or the laws of any territory, any Act is or shall be required to be done as a prerequisite or qualification for voting, and by such constitution or law persons or officers are or shall be charged with the performance of duties for furnishing to citizens an opportunity to perform such pre-requisite or to become qualified to vote, it shall be the duty of every such person and officer to give to all citizens of the U. S. the same and equal opportunity to perform such pre-requisite and to become qualified to vote, without distinction of race, color or previous condition of servitude, and if any such person or officer shall refuse or knowingly omit to give full effect to this section, he shall, for every such offense, forfeit and pay the sum of five hundred dollars to the person aggrieved thereby, to be recovered by action on the case with full costs and such allowance for counsel fees as the court shall deem just and shall also, for every such offense, be deemed guilty of misdemeanor and shall, on conviction thereof be fined not less than five hundred dollars or be imprisoned not less than one month nor more than one year, or both, at the discretion of the court."

And Whereas, It is declared by the 2d sec. of the VI article of the constitution of the United States, that "This constitution, and the laws of the United States which shall be made in pursuance thereof, shall be the supreme law of the land, * * anything in the constitution or laws of any state to the contrary notwithstanding."

And Whereas, The legislature of this commonwealth, on the 6th day of April, A. D. 1870, passed an Act entitled, "A further supplement to the Act relating to the elections in this commonwealth," the tenth section provides as follows:

"That so much of every Act of assembly as provides that every white freeman shall be entitled to vote at any general or special election of this commonwealth, be and the same is hereby repealed, and that hereafter all freemen, without distinction of color, shall be enrolled and registered according to the provisions of sec. 1 of Act approved April 17, 1869, entitled, "An Act further supplemental to the Act relating to the elections of this commonwealth," and when otherwise qualified under existing laws be entitled to vote at all general and special elections in this commonwealth."

Given under my hand this [illegible] day of September, A. D. 1884.

ALONZO I. WILCOX, Sheriff.

LEGAL.

Property Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given that the personal property hereinafter mentioned, to-wit.
One team of bay mares,
One team of horses, one bay and one chestnut,
One roan horse,
One bay mare,
One team of bay horses,
One red cow,
A lot of sleds, wagons, harness, boats, chains, tools, hay and feed, and other equipments used by James Landrigan on the job of the Ridgway Lumber Company Limited, is the property of said Ridgway Lumber Company Limited, and is left in the possession of said James Landrigan for a limited time only. All persons are hereby notified not to meddle or interfere with said property, except by the consent of said Ridgway Lumber Company Limited.

RIDGWAY LUMBER CO. LIMITED.
B. F. CARTWRIGHT, Supt.

Ridgway, Pa., Sept. 30, 1884. 41 tf

BY VIRTUE OF A WRIT OF LEVARI FACIAS issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of McKean county, and to me directed, I shall expose to public sale on MONDAY the 27th day of October 1884 at 10 o'clock a. m. upon the premises described below.

All the defendants interest in and to all that certain several leasehold estates situate in —— township, McKean county and state of Pennsylvania being a part of the Cronin and Watkins farms and bounded and described as follows: Commencing at a post on the east bank of the Tunungwant creek at the southwest corner of lot No. 121 thence east 32.5 rods more or less to a beech at the southeast corner of warrant No. 3427, thence north 36¾ rods more or less to a post, thence west 27 rods more or less to a post on the east bank of creek aforesaid, thence up said creek to the place of beginning, containing 7 acres more or less and being part of lot No. 121 in warrant No. 3427 and same land leased to Frederick Crocker by Daniel Watkins by writing, dated May 31, 1875, recorded in office of McKean county, Pa., in Mis. Book page 18 and 20 &c. and assigned to Stephen B. Logan by W. B. Roberts by writing, dated May 29, 1883, and assigned by said Logan to first parties Oct. 31, 1883, both assignment to Logan aforesaid and assignment from Logan to first parties being recorded herewith.

ALSO—Seventy three acres in same township, county and state in lot 121 being same premises described in lease bearing date the 26th day of May 1875 from F. H. Watkins to Fred Crocker, recorded in McKean county, Pa., Miscellaneous Book F, page 18 on 28th day of August, 1876, assigned by W. B. Roberts to S. B. Logan and by Logan to first parties by same paper recorded herewith aforesaid. Also that certain piece in same township, county and State being same land described in a certain lease made by Jerry Cronin to Frederick Crocker recorded in McKean Co., Pa., and assigned by W. B. Roberts to S. B. Logan and by Stephen B. Logan to first parties hereto by writing recorded herewith, together with all machinery and fixtures thereon, all boilers, all engines, all tanks, all feet of tubing, all feet of casing, all feet of sucker-rods in engine-house, derrick and all tools thereon and all and singular the appurtenances thereunto belonging.

Seized, taken in execution and to be sold as the property of J. C. Dale, J. D. W. Reck and A. I. [illegible] at the suit of Stephen B. Logan, in part use of A. H. McKelvy.

A. I. WILCOX, Sheriff.

Sheriff's office Smethport, Pa., Oct. 9, 1884.
Reeves & Wilson, Pl'ffs attorneys.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

BY VIRTUE OF A WRIT OF LEVARI FACIAS issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of McKean county and to me directed I shall expose to public sale on the said premises herein described on MONDAY, Oct. 27th, 1884 at 2 o'clock p. m.

All the defendants interest in and to all that certain lot [illegible] situate lying and being in the township of Bradford and county of McKean and state of Pennsylvania [illegible] of Clark, [illegible] & Hulings [illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible] A. Elliott and [illegible] M. C. Elliott [illegible]

A. I. WILCOX, Sheriff.

Sheriff's office, Smethport, Pa., Oct. [illegible], 1884.
Wolf & [illegible] Pl'ffs Att'ys.

EXECUTORS OF
THOS. R. FRISBEE
[illegible] General Dealers in
DRY-GOODS,
GROCERIES,
BOOTS AND SHOES,
Flour, Feed, Lumber & Shingles
CORYVILLE, McKean Co., Pa.

MASONIC HALL
FURNITURE STORE!
Specht & Sasse.

We [illegible] in our new store and are prepared to furnish the people of this vicinity and [illegible] with

FURNITURE

of all kinds and of

PRICE AND QUALITY

to suit the purchaser.

Undertaking in all its branches.

Full and Complete Line of

WALL PAPER!

Constantly on Hand.

Friends and patrons are invited

CALL AND SEE US

in our location and

Look at our Stock

SPECHT & SASSE,

Main St., Smethport, Pa.

BROWNELL BROS

DEALERS IN

Dry Goods,
Notions,
Hats and Caps,
Boots and Shoes,
Groceries,
Provisions, etc.

AGENT FOR THE
White Sewing Machines

OUR MOTTO—"Justice to all."

Smethport, - Pa.

February 8, 1882. 9-1y

New Carriage Shop

IN SMETHPORT.

CONKLIN WAGONS,
COURTLAND PLATFORMS,
ROAD WAGONS,
CARRIAGES,
AND SLEIGHS,
ALWAYS IN STOCK.

None but good material used. All work warranted, and prices reasonable. Give me a call and you will go away well pleased.

SHOP ON MECHANIC STREET.

W. H. Wetenhall.

SMETHPORT March 10, 1881.—41.

LEGAL.

Assignee's Sale.

THE UNDERSIGNED ASSIGNEE WILL expose at public sale on the premises late of N. D. Batterson, at Mount Jewett, McKean county, Pennsylvania, on Thursday, October 30, 1884, at 10 o'clock, a. m., and continue from day to day as may be found necessary, the real and personal property, lately assigned by N. D. Batterson for the benefit of his creditors, to-wit:

1. A lot in fee at Mount Jewett containing 116,358 square feet more or less, with two frame dwelling houses thereon.
2. Leasehold containing 46,360 square feet more or less, adjoining the above lot, with large frame basket factory thereon.
3. All machinery, tools, &c., in said factory, consisting in part of a large steam engine and boiler, large and small veneering machines, band saw, shafting and pulleys, rubber and leather belting, planing-mill, iron pipes, tools, &c., &c.
4. A stock of store goods consisting of groceries, hardware, boots and shoes, drugs, dry goods and notions.

This property must and will be sold to the highest and best bidders. Terms made known on day of sale.

THOS. A. MORRISON, Assignee,
of N. D. BATTERSON.

Smethport, Pa., Oct. 2, 1884.—3t.

SMETHPORT
BAKERY AND GROCERY

☞A fine variety of Baking constantly on hand.

☞Always a fine variety of Confectionery.

☞As fine a variety of Teas and Coffees as can be found in the city, and as cheap as the cheapest.

☞Butter, Eggs and Cheese constantly on hand, and goods sold cheap for cash.

☞I am constantly adding Groceries to my stock, which I sell as cheap as can be had in the city.

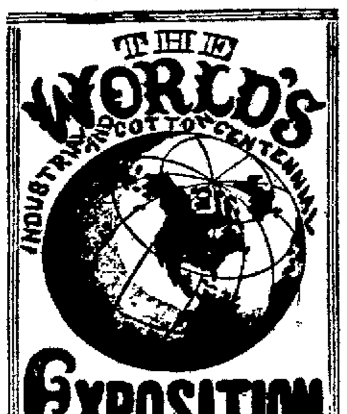
☞Give me a call and be convinced.

☞Goods delivered free to any part of the city.

GEO. E. WOOD, Agt.

Mechanic street, below Wright House. 39-1y

THE
REMINGTON
Sewing Machine,
LIKE THE
REMINGTON RIFLE,
UNEXCELLED BY ANY.
Sure to Give Satisfaction.
General Office, Ilion, N. Y.
New York Office, 283 Broadway.
Buying Agents Wanted.



EXPOSITION
New Orleans.
Opening December 1, 1884; Closing May 31, 1885.
—UNDER THE AUSPICES OF THE—
United States Government.
$1,300,000,
Appropriated by the General Government.
$500,000,
Contributed by the Citizens of New Orleans.
$200,000,
Appropriated by Mexico.
$100,000,
Appropriated by the State of Louisiana.
$100,000,
Appropriated by the City of New Orleans.
From $5000 to $25,000,
Appropriated by Innumerable States, Cities and Foreign Countries.
Every State and Territory in the Union represented, and nearly all the Leading Nations and Countries of the World.
The Biggest Exhibit, the Biggest Building and the Biggest Industrial Event in the World's History.
APPLICATIONS FOR EXHIBITS ALREADY RECEIVED COVER MORE SPACE AND A GREATER VARIETY OF SUBJECTS THAN THOSE OF ANY EXPOSITION EVER HELD.
The cheapest rates of travel ever known in the annals of transportation secured for the people everywhere.
For information, address
E. A. BURKE,
Director General, W. I. & C. C. E.,
New Orleans, La.

MISCELLANEOUS.

DON'T WORRY

Because you need a stove, but come to my store and get one for less money than you can purchase west of New York.

YOU CAN BUY

At your own figures, Hardware, Cutlery, Tinware. Everything you need in keeping house sold very low for cash at

L. W. MASON'S STORE,

Three doors west of the Kittredge Opera House building.

W. R. WEAVER. 1876–1884. L. EMERY, JR.

L. EMERY, JR., & CO

41 and 43 Main Street,

BRADFORD PENN'A.

GREAT SUPPLY HOUSE.

MANUFACTURERS,

IMPORTERS, AND JOBBERS.

HOUSE SUPPLIES,
PAINTS AND OILS,
WOODEN WARE,
BRUSHES, BASKETS,
GRANITE IRON WARE,
COMMON TINWARE,
BLACKSMITHS' SUPPLIES,
MACHINISTS' SUPPLIES,

SILVER-PLATED WARE,

Solid Sterling Silver Spoons.

BABY CARRIAGES,

BOYS WAGONS AND CARTS,

GENERAL HARDWARE,

THE BEST KEDZIE WATER FILTER.

☞You can purchase anything you want at this Establishment.

L. EMERY, JR., & CO.,

BRADFORD, - - - PA

MISCELLANEOUS.

PE-RU-NA

[illegible] is composed wholly of [illegible]

Chronic Catarrh, Consumption, General and Nervous Debility, Neuralgia, Chronic Rheumatism, Diabetis, Stone in the Bladder, Bright's Disease, Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint and Diseases of the Stomach.

[illegible] S. B. Hartman [illegible]

MANALIN positively [illegible]

9 TIMES OUT OF 10
Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil
CURES
Rheumatism and Neuralgia.

99 TIMES OUT OF 100
Dr Thomas' Eclectric Oil
CURES
A Cold or a Hoarseness.

19 TIMES OUT OF 20
Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil
CURES
Asthma and Diphtheria.

49 TIMES OUT OF 50
Dr Thomas' Eclectric Oil
CURES
Croup and Affections of the Throat.

Price 50 cents and $1.00.
SOLD EVERYWHERE.

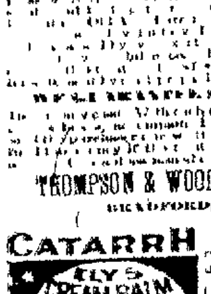
Health is Wealth!

Dr. E. C. West's Nerve and Brain Treatment [illegible]

[illegible] SIX BOXES [illegible]

THOMPSON & WOOD, Druggists,
BRADFORD, PA.

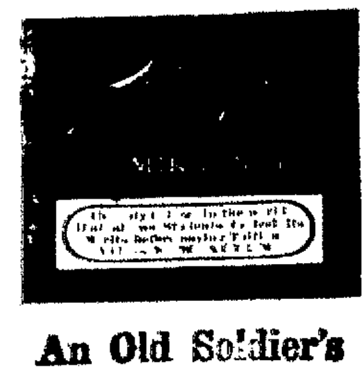
CATARRH



ELY'S CREAM BALM Causes no Pain [illegible] Relief at once thorough treatment will cure. Not a liquid or snuff. Apply into Nostrils [illegible]

HAY-FEVER

There is no excuse for suffering from
CONSTIPATION
[illegible]
DR. HENRY BAXTER'S
MANDRAKE BITTERS
Will give immediate relief.
Billiousness, Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Diseases of the Kidneys, Torpid Liver Rheumatism, Dizziness, Sick Headache, Loss of Appetite, [illegible], Apoplexy, [illegible], Eruptions and Skin Diseases, etc., [illegible] perfect health [illegible] Ladies [illegible] Sick Headache [illegible]
PURIFY THE BLOOD.
Price 25 cts. per bottle.
[illegible] HENRY JOHNSON & LORD Props. Burlington Vt.



An Old Soldier's
EXPERIENCE.

"Calvert, [illegible] 1882.

"I wish to express my appreciation of the valuable qualities of

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral

as a cough remedy.

[illegible] army [illegible] before [illegible] cold, which terminated in a dangerous cough. I found [illegible] till on our march [illegible] story, where, on asking [illegible] I was urged to try Ayer's Cherry Pectoral.

"I did so, and was rapidly cured. Since then [illegible] the Pectoral [illegible] J. W. Whitley."

Thousands of testimonials certify to the prompt cure of all bronchial and lung affections, by the use of Ayer's Cherry Pectoral. Being very palatable, the youngest children take it readily.

PREPARED BY
Dr J C Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.
Sold by all Druggists.

THE HEALTH OF PARIS.

The Death Rate is Greater than that of London.

[London Lancet.]

During the recent discussion in the French chamber on the sanitary condition of France, M. Paul Bert described France as being, next to Spain and Turkey, the most backward European country in sanitary matters. With especial reference to the health of Paris, he stated that the deaths in that city exceed by 8,000 per annum the number returned in London, after allowance for the different population of the two cities. It [illegible] be regretted that the chamber [illegible] the proposal [illegible] on sanitation, more especially as M. Bert's figures [illegible] the excess of mortality in Paris compared with that in London. The annual death rate in Paris during the five years 1880-84 averaged 26 per 1,000, while the annual rate in London during the same period did not exceed 21 per 1,000.

To make this rate strictly comparable, however, it is necessary to take into account the relative age and constitution of the populations of these two cities. The proportion of children aged [illegible] in Paris is scarcely more than half that in London, and this difference is but slightly compensated by a small excess in the proportion of the Paris population aged upward of 60 years. [illegible] the age distribution of the Paris population is so favorable to its death rate that by applying the English [illegible] rates of mortality to each of five groups of ages, [illegible] normal death rate is found to be only 19.02 per 1,000, whereas the normal death rate of the London population, found in a similar manner, is 21.79. As the normal death rate in London is 9.8 per cent. higher than that of Paris, it is necessary to raise the recorded death rate in Paris by 9.8 per cent. for difference of age distribution, in order to make it fairly comparable with the recorded rate in London. The Paris death rate for the five years ending 1884 thus corrected becomes 28.4, which is 8 per 1,000 above the London rate for the same period.

The true excess of mortality in Paris compared with that in London [illegible] M. Paul Bert and urged [illegible] for a thorough reform in the sanitary organization of the French capital. In 1882 alone more than [illegible] deaths from typhoid fever were recorded in Paris, which, although showing a marked decline from the still large number in 1882, were [illegible] to a rate nearly four times greater than the rate from the same disease in London. It may be hoped that the force of public opinion in Paris will induce the French government to adopt [illegible] a similar bill [illegible] which was last week approved by M. Bert and was only [illegible] to 1885.

Some False Theories.

[Charles Dudley Warner in The Century.]

If the future social historians of America shall put much trust in the present time about the character of the American people [illegible] current in essays [illegible] sermons and [illegible] the mark. Some false theories [illegible] frequent repetition gain an authority equal to that of the [illegible]. [illegible] the first settlers [illegible] English [illegible] current [illegible] about them have [illegible] been [illegible] true. The [illegible] false. It was [illegible] that Americans were [illegible] than the English people [illegible] that even [illegible] and I suppose [illegible] the dollar may [illegible] half [illegible] fancy very [illegible]

[illegible]

An Adirondack Romance.

[illegible]

This [illegible] complete [illegible] the talkative guide [illegible] at the hotel [illegible] ready to go up [illegible] after [illegible] the guides and [illegible] over in a dead [illegible] off [illegible] in style in New York city, and [illegible] up [illegible] I tell you that [illegible] never forgets how he was guide [illegible] himself. [illegible] about how it was [illegible] inquiring into folks' affairs, but they said [illegible] had married a girl that her folks [illegible] She kept the whole thing up [illegible] and [illegible] the Saratoga [illegible] expecting, I suppose, to meet any of his connections. Regular romantic, I call it.

A Queer Boston Merchant.

[Every Other Saturday.]

A Boston merchant who lived and died on Summer street, was a curious instance of one who had been an invalid from childhood, always extremely hypochondriac, who never imagined himself ill when he was not, nor exaggerated his actual illness, nor feared unduly, sickness or pain or death itself. But it was the business of his life to take care of his health, and he devoted himself to this work with wonderful assiduity. He rode just so far each day when the weather was fair, and at such an hour. He had a great variety of clothing, which he regulated with precision by the thermometer, sometimes changing his dress many times in a day and selected for his over clothes, when he rode out, the very garments which the mercury indicated.

He had a weathercock put upon his stable within fair view from his bedroom and sitting room, and that and his thermometer, and possible or impossible signs of the weather he was watching constantly, and found in these occupations a very agreeable way of employing all his day and all his days. How far his long life is to be attributed to this excessive care it is hard to tell. But he outlived every brother and sister, every brother's wife and every sister's husband and his own wife, and died in 1857 at the age of 81.

The Road Problem Solved.

[Atlanta Constitution.]

Judge Watkins, of Shreveport, La., has solved the road problem in his section. He has erected a light and inexpensive but durable roof over four miles of roadway in the Red river bottom, at a cost of $3,500 per mile. This keeps the road dry and hard throughout the year. The road bed is raised enough to keep off the surface water and the dust is kept down by the rain that blows in from the sides. The farmers pronounce this roofed road a grand success. It is dry and hard during the rainy season when other roads in the neighborhood are axle deep in mud.

LOCAL MISCELLANY.

Like an old Creaky Window Shutter.

That is the way a man's rheumatic joints sometimes are. Hinges old, rusty, and worn, and badly need oiling. The trouble is in the blood. A man who is of any account is worth repairing. The repairing can be done by means of Brown's Iron Bitters. That enriches and purifies the blood, drives out the pains, and works complete restoration. Thousands testify to it from happiest experience. Mr. C. H. Humbly, 918 North sixteenth street, St. Louis, says, "I used Brown's Iron Bitters for rheumatism, general debility and prostration, with the best results." Sold by A. B. Armstrong.

Pure corn and oats feed $1.45 a hundred at H. L. Wilson's.

Any housekeeper who sends at once the names of five married ladies at same address and 12 two-cent stamps for postage will receive free for one year [illegible] a handsome, entertaining and instructive Domestic Journal devoted to Fashions, Fancy Work, Decorating, [illegible] Cooking and Household matters. Best paper published for Ladies. Every housekeeper wants it. Regular price $1. Must send now. Address Domestic Journal, Nunda, N. Y. 22-3m

Drunkenness, or the Liquor Habit, can be cured by administering Dr. Haines' Golden Specific.

It can be given in a cup of coffee or tea without the knowledge of the person taking it, effecting a speedy and permanent cure, whether the patient is a moderate drinker or an alcoholic wreck. Thousands of drunkards have been made temperate men who have taken the Golden Specific in their coffee without their knowledge, and to-day believe they quit drinking of their own free will. No harmful effects result from its administration. Cures guaranteed. Circulars and testimonials sent free. Address, Golden Specific Co., 185 Race street, Cincinnati, O.

[illegible] corn and oats feed made by [illegible] Bros., Lee Pa. $1.45 per hundred at H. L. Wilson's.

The Brooklyn Bridge

After about fourteen years hard labor the great suspension bridge between New York and Brooklyn has been completed and thus two large cities connected in a manner which was never dreamed of [illegible] times. It is indeed the crowning work of the century and can [illegible] wonders of these days. The suspension bridges at Niagara Falls and over the Ohio river at Cincinnati are mere foot bridges in comparison with it. This is not a new history and most are familiar with all [illegible] of the daily papers and do not need to be repeated here, but we do wish to speak of Peruna, the greatest discovery of this century. It is a medicine discovered by Dr. S. B. Hartman of Pittsburg and prescribed by him in thousands of cases during thirty years of an immense practice. Ask your druggist for the pamphlet entitled the "Ills of Life" which gives full and complete directions for the preservation of the health. Try Peruna, the great tonic.

Best white wheat flour $1.15 a sack at H. L. Wilson's.

New Testimonials of Dennis' Remedies

Dear Sir—I hereby testify that before I commenced using your Blood Liver and Kidney Cure, about three months since, my nervous system was completely prostrated and I find that it is all that I could ask for my case. Mrs. J. L. Shoemaker, Smethport, Pa., Sept. 25th, 1884.

The above testimony is one of hundreds that I get in every direction where I go, for the entire different [illegible] list of my goods, such as The Great Panacea, Dennis' Superior Cough Syrup, Balm of Gilead Salve, etc. Price 50 cts. For sale by E. B. McCoy, Smethport, Pa., and also by the Proprietor and manufacturer, Family of Pleasant Vale. G. F. Dennis, Eldred, Pa.

[illegible] where wheat flour $1 is per sack at H. L. Wilson's.

Our Generation's Changes.

There are thousands of people living to-day [illegible] slavery [illegible] the [illegible] nation. Those were [illegible] when [illegible] the benefits of the [illegible] Changes are written everywhere. [illegible] more advancement being made than in the science of medicine. Physicians [illegible] Peruna for a large number of the complaints of mankind, and with astonishing success. They at once began [illegible] the good work and the real success. Send for a free book on the "Ills of Life" and for a bottle of Peruna to Dr. S. B. Hartman & Co., Columbus, Ohio. Sold by A. B. Armstrong.

What Struck an Old Soldier.

[illegible]

"I Have Suffered!"

With every disease imaginable for the last three years. Our

Druggist, T. J. Anderson, recommending "Hop Bitters" to me,

I used two bottles!

Am entirely cured, and heartily recommend Hop Bitters to every one. J. D. Walker, Buckner, Mo.

I write this as a

Token of the great appreciation I have of your Hop

* * * Bitters. I was afflicted

With inflammatory rheumatism

[illegible]

Seven years, and no medicine seemed to do me any

Good!!!

Until I tried two bottles of your Hop Bitters, and to my surprise I am as well to-day as ever I was. I hope

"You may have abundant success"

"In this great and"

Valuable medicine

Anyone! * * * wishing to know more about my cure?

Can learn by addressing me, E. M. Williams, 1103 16th street, Washington, D. C.

—I consider your

Remedy the best remedy in existence

For Indigestion, kidney

—Complaint

"And nervous debility. I have just"

Returned

"From the south in a fruitless search for health, and find that your Bitters are doing me more

Good!

Than anything else.

A month ago I was extremely

"Emaciated"

And scarcely able to walk. Now I am

Gaining strength! and

"Flesh!"

And hardly a day passes but what I am

* * * * * * *

complimented on my improved appearance, and it is all due to Hop

Bitters! J. Wickliffe Jackson,

—Wilmington, Del.

☞ None genuine without a bunch of green Hops on the white label. Shun all the vile, poisonous stuff with "Hop" or "Hops" in their name.

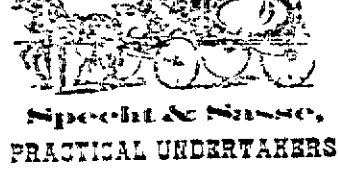
MISCELLANEOUS

GO TO
ROONEY'S MARKET
Wolesale and Retail,
—FOR A—
Nice Piece of Meat
Fresh, Salt or Smoked,
—FOR—
FRESH & SALT FISH
—AND FOR ALL—
FRUITS AND VEGETABLES.
I will also pay the highest price for
STOCK AND HIDES!
☞ CALL AND SATISFY YOURSELF ☜
Nearly opposite Catholic church Main st
J. F. ROONEY.

The Best
Meat and Vegetable
MARKET!
—IN—
SMETHPORT
I am prepared to furnish the people of the town and adjacent country with
Fresh meat, Ham, Sausages
Salt meats, Corned Beef,
Lard, Chickens, &c.
—ALSO—
VEGETABLES
IN THEIR SEASON
A FIRST CLASS LINE OF
FAMILY GROCERIES
AT PRICES AS LOW AS THE LOWEST
A Full Line of
CANNED GOODS
Highest market price paid for Hides and Pelts
C. W. WILLIAMS.
Main street Smethport Pa

WAGON,
Carriage and Blacksmith Shop
MECHANIC ST. SMETHPORT PA
Wm Masser, - Prop'r.
HORSESHOEING!
A SPECIALTY
[illegible]

Bad Feet!
All kinds of [illegible] order on short notice



Specht & Sasse,
PRACTICAL UNDERTAKERS,
Having [illegible] new Hearse are prepared to attend all calls incident to their profession.

Hotel for Sale.
[illegible]
J. H. SOWERS
East Smethport Pa.

IT LEADS ALL.
No other blood-purifying medicine is made, or has ever been prepared, which so completely meets the wants of physicians and the general public as
Ayer's Sarsaparilla.
It leads the list as a truly scientific preparation for all blood diseases. If there is a lurking taint of SCROFULA about you, Ayer's Sarsaparilla will dislodge it and expel it from your system.
For constitutional or scrofulous Catarrh, CATARRH Ayer's Sarsaparilla is the true remedy. It has cured numberless cases. It will stop the nauseous catarrhal discharges and remove the sickening odor of the breath, which are indications of scrofulous origin.
ULCEROUS SORES "Hutto, Tex., Sept. 28, 1882. "At the age of two years one of my children was terribly afflicted with ulcerous running sores on its face and neck. At the same time its eyes were swollen, much inflamed, and very sore.
SORE EYES Physicians told us that a powerful alterative medicine must be employed. They united in recommending Ayer's Sarsaparilla. A few doses produced a perceptible improvement, which, by an adherence to your directions, was continued to a complete and permanent cure. No evidence has since appeared of the existence of any scrofulous tendencies; and no treatment of any disorder was ever attended by more prompt or effectual results.
Yours truly, B. F. Johnson."
PREPARED BY
Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.
Sold by all Druggists; $1, six bottles for $5.

JAMES T. DONOHUE,
PLUMBER
SMETHPORT, PA.
In the rear of Armstrong's Drug Store.
Lead and Iron Pipe for Water Gas and Steam Bath Tubs, Water Closets, Kitchen Boilers, Iron Sinks, Pumps, etc. 43

AGENTS Wanted for The Lives of all the Presidents of the U. S. The largest, handsomest, best book ever sold for less than twice our price. The fastest selling book in America. Immense profits to agents. All intelligent people want it. Any one can become a successful agent. Terms free. Hallett Book Co., Augusta, Maine.

FREE REMEDY FOR CATARRH
Easy to use. A certain cure. Not expensive. Three months' treatment in one package. Good for Cold in the Head, Headache, Dizziness, Hay Fever, &c. Fifty cents. By all Druggists or by mail.
E. T. HAZELTINE, Warren, Pa.

AGENTS Wanted for [illegible] Books & Bibles [illegible] Philadelphia, Pa.

MISCELLANEOUS.

DRUGS
PATENT MEDICINES,
School Books, Blank Books.
Stationery,
Fancy Goods.
DRUGGISTS' SUNDRIES.
NEWS DEPOT AND CIRCULATING LIBRARY CAN BE FOUND AT
THE
DRUG AND BOOK STORE
—OF—
A. B. ARMSTRONG,
Smethport, Pa.

W. T. CALLAR,
—DEALER IN—
DRUGS & MEDICINES!
TOILET ARTICLES,
Stationery, Etc, Etc.

—ALSO, PURE—
Wines & Liquors
General Insurance Agency.
Prescriptions Carefully Compounded
W. T. CALLAR,
SMETHPORT PA

E. B McCOY,
Druggist & Pharmacist
No 34 Main Street,
SMETHPORT, PA.
Fresh and Reliable Drugs. Pure Wines and Liquors for Medicinal Purposes. Patent Medicines, Fine Stationery, Toilet Articles, Perfumery. And a Full Line of Cigars Always On Hand.
Prescriptions Accurately Compounded Night or Day
An Electric night bell connected with sleeping room gives special facilities for night calls

C. V. GILLIS,
dealer in
Drugs AND Medicines
PAINTS, OILS,
FANCY GOODS, &C.
KANE PA.

M. A SPRAGUE'S
HARDWARE STORE,
Opposite the Grand Central
IS HEADQUARTERS FOR
Hardware, Stoves, Tinware,
House Furnishnig Goods
SILVERWARE,
Cutlery, Lamps,
Glass, Lead, Oils, Paints, Putty,
Farmers' and Mechanics' Tools,
In fact everything usually kept in a First Class Hardware Store. The closest buyers and best judges of what they buy concede the fact that more goods of same quality can be bought for less money at the above store than any other place in the Country
A COMPETENT TINNER
Always on hand ready to do work on short notice

STEWART'S
IRON FIBRE
PAINT AND CEMENT
COLORS RED AND BROWN.
All Ready for Use
For painting buildings, fences, bridges, roofs &c. and for repairing and preserving roofs of all kinds. Guaranteed to be more durable and economical than any other paint or cement made. Send for circular to
WM H STEWART
34-3m 74 Courtlandt St., New York

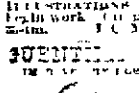
RISLEY'S WITCH HAZEL
Cures headache, burns, sprains, cuts wounds, rheumatism, earache, toothache, bruises, &c. Is equalled in quality at half the price, 6 oz. 25 cts. Pints (16 oz.) 50 cents. Quarts $1 per bottle
RISLEY'S EXTRACT OF BUCHU.
Valuable in the cure of ulceration and irritation of the kidneys, bladder and urethra, stranguary, gravel, gleet, gonorrhoea or whites, dropsy, pain in back, loins, &c. $1 per bottle. Sold by all druggists. C. F. RISLEY
34-3m 64 Courtlandt St., N. Y.

[illegible] Grape vines, shrubs, flowers, &c. SALESMEN [illegible] experience not [illegible] Address LeCLARE & HEDRICK, Brighton, N. Y.
[illegible]

MISCELLANEOUS

The Leading Campaign BOOK!!
History of Growth [illegible] of an Encouragement of the REPUBLIC. Review of past Administrations. Lives of all FIRST CANDIDATES of 1884. Platforms of Parties. [illegible] FINE ILLUSTRATIONS. Send 50 cts for full outfit and begin work. [illegible] free. Address J. C. McCURDY & Co Phila., Pa.

CONSUMPTION [illegible]



COLEMAN
Business
COLLEGE, NEWARK N J
[illegible] H COLEMAN [illegible]

Steam Engines, [illegible]

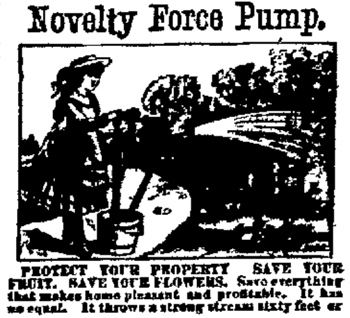
SWEET WORM POWDERS
A [illegible] of the [illegible] caused by worms. [illegible]
SWEET WORM POWDERS
[illegible] in children are caused by worms. [illegible]
SWEET WORM POWDERS
They are a sure and [illegible] remedy for the cure of worms in children [illegible]
SWEET WORM POWDERS
They [illegible] easy remedy to take with the best results are
SWEET WORM POWDERS
They [illegible] market for fifteen years [illegible] always given satisfaction in every case [illegible]
SWEET WORM POWDERS
[illegible]
E. K. THOMPSON'S
SWEET WORM POWDERS
[illegible]

Michigan Buggy Co.
KALAMAZOO, Mich.

Wholesale Manufacturers of all kinds of Open and Top BUGGIES and ROAD CARTS. Agents wanted everywhere. Write for catalogue and price list. FINE WORK A SPECIALTY

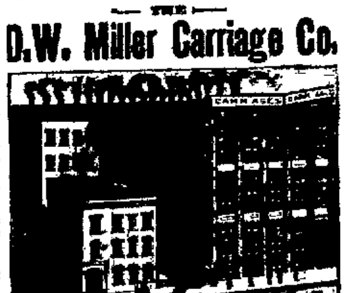
We also manufacture a full line of CUTTERS including Swell Body, Portland, Square Box [illegible] and Pony [illegible]
Send for [illegible]
MICHIGAN BUGGY CO.
KALAMAZOO, Mich.

FERNANDO B. SMITH'S
PATENT SPRINKLER
—AND—
Novelty Force Pump.



PROTECT YOUR PROPERTY. SAVE YOUR FRUIT. SAVE YOUR FLOWERS. Save everything that makes home pleasant and profitable. It has no equal. It throws a strong stream sixty feet or more.
With the Sprinkler attached it spreads the water in a gentle shower or spray. For washing windows or carriages, and showering lawns, gardens and greenhouses it has no equal. It is adapted to throwing liquid solutions of all kinds to destroy noxious insects and bugs of every nature, on plant, vine or tree, and should be kept in every house, store and factory in the country as a protection against fires.—Sold by Traveling Agents.
Send for circulars and price lists.
FERNANDO B. SMITH,
Manufacturer & Patentee,
180 East 4th St., Canton, Ohio.

—THE—
D.W. Miller Carriage Co.



Manufacture a large variety of
LIGHT and HEAVY CARRIAGES, PHAETONS, CARTS, BUGGIES, WAGONS, &C.,
After the most approved designs at the very lowest prices consistent with good workmanship
—50,000 vehicles—
of our manufacture are now in use in this and foreign countries and attest the excellence of our goods by the universal satisfaction which they give.—Every vehicle is WARRANTED.—Special attention will be given to mail orders.
CATALOGUES FREE.
D. W. Miller Carriage Co.,
E. Fifth St., Calvert St. and Eggleston Ave.,
CINCINNATI, O.

PETER HENDERSON & CO.'S
SEEDS AND PLANTS
Are Annually Sown and Planted in Half a Million Gardens!
☞ This Year's Catalogue Free on Application.
PETER HENDERSON & CO. 35 & 37 Cortlandt Street, NEW YORK.

A PRIZE Send six cents for postage, and receive free, a costly box of goods which will help you to more money right away than anything else in this world. All, of either sex succeed from first hour. The broad road to fortune opens before the workers, absolutely sure. At once address, TRUE & Co., Augusta, Maine.

MISCELLANEOUS.

A PRESENT OF $50.00
—TO—
Horsemen and Farmers.

CENTAURINE!
—THE GREAT—
Cleansing and Healing Compound
Is positively guaranteed to cure the worst case of Scratches, Corks, Sore Necks, Mud Fever, or Wounds of any kind on Horse or Man. Centaurine has had a local reputation for twenty years, dating back to the fall of '59, when product of petroleum was discovered. This is no advertising dodge. The above $50.00 goes. Ask your druggist what our instructions are in regard to it. Recommendations are too [illegible] to its praise. It costs you nothing if it fails to perform what it is advertised to do. Price 50 cents per bottle.
OUR TONIC LAXATIVE
HORSE POWDER
is a purely vegetable preparation free from any mineral and has a local reputation with Centaurine. They are put up in tin cans, retaining their medical properties while being used. The only true Tonic and Blood Cleansing Compound in the market. Price 25 cents per box.
Don't forget our
White Pine Petroleum Hoof Ointment
The great assistant of nature in softening the hardened and feverish hoofs. Try a package of these valuable preparations and if they don't prove as represented get your present. Price 25 cents per box. Manufactured by
WILSON & BRENEMAN,
Pharmaceutists,
KENDALL CREEK, PA.
For sale at W. T. Callar's, Smethport, Pa

THE NEXT PRESIDENT
WANTED, one or two ladies or gentlemen of undoubted reference and character [illegible] Agents for [illegible] "Lives of the [illegible] WILL BE GIVEN [illegible] First applicants [illegible] right party [illegible]
[illegible] HUBBARD BROTHERS [illegible] Charles st. Baltimore Md.

Miscellaneous.

D. Langell's Asthma and Catarrh Remedy.

Having struggled 20 years between life and death with ASTHMA or PHTHISIC, treated by eminent physicians and receiving no benefit, I was compelled, during the last five years of my illness to sit on my chair day and night gasping for breath, my sufferings were beyond description. In despair I experimented on myself by compounding roots and herbs and inhaling the medicine thus obtained. I fortunately discovered this WONDERFUL CURE for ASTHMA and CATARRH, warranted to relieve the most stubborn case of ASTHMA IN FIVE MINUTES, so that the patient can lie down to rest and sleep comfortably. Any person not fully satisfied after using one-third of a box, can return the remaining to the proprietor and the money will be refunded, or send me your address for a trial package FREE OF CHARGE. Mrs. W. T. Brown, Monroe, Texas, writes: "I suffered with Asthma 6 years. Your Great Remedy completely cured me. I wish all afflicted with Asthma and Catarrh to send for it. Publish this for the benefit of the afflicted." Should your druggist not keep the Remedy, I can send it by mail on receipt of price $1.00. For sale by all druggists. Address
D. LANGELL, Applecreek, Ohio.

BRADFORD, BORDELL & KINZUA RAILROAD Time Table. Takes effect Monday, Jan 7 1884

SOUTHWARD TRAINS.

STATIONS.		1	3	5	7
		a. m	p. m	p. m	a. m
Bradford	Dep	7 10	1 25	4 30	
Smethport	Ar	10 05	2 20	5 25	
Duke Centre		9 21	2 41	5 51	
Eldred		9 50	3 10	6 10	
Bolivar		10 31	4 11	7 11	7 20
Richburg		10 16	4 16	7 16	6 47
Allentown		11 15	4 25	7 25	7 45
Wellsville		11 50	5 10	8 10	8 20

NORTHWARD TRAINS.

STATIONS.		2	4	6	8
		a. m	a. m	p. m.	p. m.
Wellsville	Lv	6 00	9 20	2 15	5 00
Allentown		6 35	10 05	2 48	6 35
Richburg		6 47	10 17	2 57	7 16
Bolivar		6 50	9 29	2 17	7 00
Eldred		8 00	11 30	4 21	
Duke Centre		8 19	11 49	4 39	
Smethport		7 30	11 00	4 10	
Bradford	Ar	9 40	1 10	5 00	

Through line between Bradford, Smethport Eldred and all points in the Allegany Oil Field.

SUNDAY TRAINS—Leave Wellsville at 7:35 a. m., Allentown, 8:05, Richburg 8 17, Bolivar 8:29, Eldred 9.30, Duke Centre, 9 49, Smethport, 9:20 arriving at Bradford at 10 a. m. Returning—Leave Bradford at 4 p. m., arriving at Smethport at 5.20. Duke Centre, 5 21, Eldred 5:40, Bolivar 6:41, Richburg, 6 56, Allentown, 7:05, Wellsville 7.40.

CUBA BRANCH To take effect Jan 1, 1884

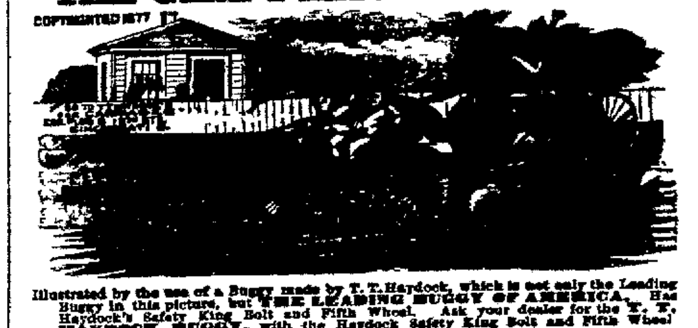
Westward		Stations	Eastward	
23	5		25	27
p m	a m		a m	p m
3 27	9 07	Ar Cuba Lv	10 00	5 10
1 37	7	Lv [illegible] Ar	11	6 45
1 15	7 10	Bolivar	11 5	6 50

B. C. WILLIAMS Gen'l Man'gr
JNO. C. McKENNA G. P. A.

Duff's Mercantile College
A Business Education is the most profitable, because it is the most useful. Our aim is to practically train young men for the actual requirements of this commercial age. Individual instruction. No vacation. Students can enter at any time. For circulars, address P. DUFF & SONS, Pittsburg, Pa.
Duff's Book-keeping, [illegible] printed in colors, 400 pages. The largest work on the science published. A work for bankers, railroad and business men and practical accountants. Price $ [illegible]

When the word Estey or the word Organ is mentioned, they each suggest the other, so widely known and so popular are the instruments and the makers.
Five letters in each of the two words are reminders of enjoyment in multitudes of homes. Illustrated Catalogue mailed free to all applicants.

"THE GIRL I LEFT BEHIND ME."
COPYRIGHTED 1877



Illustrated by the use of a Buggy made by T. T. Haydock, which is not only the Leading Buggy in this picture, but THE LEADING BUGGY OF AMERICA. Has Haydock's Safety King Bolt and Fifth Wheel. Ask your dealer for the T. T. HAYDOCK BUGGY, with the Haydock Safety King Bolt and Fifth Wheel. Life is insecure riding over any other.
(This picture will be furnished on a large card printed in elegant style, to anyone who will agree to frame it.)
[ENCLOSE STAMP.] T. T. HAYDOCK,
☞ Send for Catalogue and Wholesale Price List. Cor. Plum and Twelfth Sts., CINCINNATI, O.
AGENTS WANTED WHERE WE HAVE NONE! NO INVESTMENT SO PROFITABLE!

Bring in Your Work Early

—AND—

AVOID THE GREAT RUSH!

THE

MINER OFFICE

IS NOW TURNING OUT AS

NEAT AND ARTISTIC

—WORK IN THE—

JOB PRINTING

Line as is done in any Establishment in this section of the state.

A TRIAL ORDER IS SOLICITED

—AND—

Satisfaction Guaranteed.

LINES OF TRAVEL.

BUFFALO NEW YORK & PHILADELPHIA RAILROAD.

Time Table, take effect June 1, 1884.

NORTHWARD.				STATIONS.	SOUTHWARD		
p. m	p. m	a. m.	Ar.		Lv	a. m.	p. m
7 00	4 35	10 35		Buffalo	6 00	7 45	4 00
				Elmwood			
				Spring Brook			
				Elma			
				Jamison			
6 14	3 25	9 38		East Aurora	6 47	2	4 36
				Wales			
				Holland			
				Protection			
5 36	2 35	8 12		Sardinia Jun.	9 25	3	5 00
5 30	2 30	8 06		Arcade	9 33	3	5 16
				Yorkshire			
5 07	2 12	7 47		Machias	9 59	3	
4 46	2 08	7 38		Franklinville	10 07	3	
				Ischua			
4 24	1 5	8 06		Hinsdale	10	4 21	6 11
				Erie Rly Junc			
4 00	1 42	7 47		Olean	10	4	6 36
3 15				Bradford	12 15		
3 42	1 26	7 26		Portville	11 18		6 42
3 21	1 16	7 06		Eldred	11	5	7
2 14	12 57	6 46		Larrabees	11	5	7 11
				Hartwell			
				Turtle Point			
2 46	12 30	6 30		Port Allegany	12 22	6 10	
				Liberty			
				Keating			
				Shippen			
1 45	11 30			Emporium	1 50		
p.m.	a. m.	a. m.	Lv.		Ar	p. m	p. m

a. m	lv		ar
3 20		Harrisburg	
11 20		Philadelphia	
6 00		New York	
11 20		Baltimore	
10 00		Washington	
p. m	ar		lv

CLERMONT BRANCH

L'v Northw'd		STATIONS.	L'v Southw'd	
P. M.	A. M.		A. M.	P. M.
3.10	6 3	Larrabees	11 40	7 45
3.00	6 41	Frisbee	11	
2.46	6 8	Farmers Valley	12 00	6.07
2.32	6	Smethport	12.14	6
2.12	6 12	Crosby	12	6
2.06	6 10	Colegrove	12.22	6 22
2 3	6 0	Hamlin	12	6 46
1 45	5.56	Warnwag	12	
1.30	5.50	Clermont	1 10	7

OLEAN, BRADFORD & WARREN DIVISION

EASTWARD

		a m	a. m	p m	p m
Bradford	lv	7 35	9 15	4 15	
Tarport		7 40	9 20	4 20	2 30
Babcock Mills					
Derrick					
Gilmor					
Red Rock					
Bells Camp					
Lime Lake					
Knapps Creek					
Rock City					
Four Mile					
Olean					4 00
Bolivar					
Richburg					

WESTWARD

		a m	a. m	p m	a m
Richburg	lv				
Bolivar					
Olean					
Four Mile					
Rock City					
Knapps Creek					
Lime Lake					
Bells Camp					
Red Rock					
Gilmor					
Derrick					
Babcock Mills					
Tarport					
Bradford	ar				

Sunday trains leave Olean at 8 30 a. m. arriving at Bradford 9 [illegible] Leave Bradford at 9 [illegible] a. m. arriving at Olean 11 [illegible] a m

KENDALL & ELDRED DIVISION.

Eastward			STATIONS.	WESTWARD		
p m	p m	a m		a. m	p. m	p m
			Richburg			
			Bolivar			
			Eldred			
			Prentissvale			
			Duke Centre			
			Rixford			
			Summit City			
			Gallup			
			Sawyer			
			Lafferty			
			Tarport			
			Bradford			

BRADFORD & KINZUA DIVISION

Eastward			STATIONS.	WESTWARD		
p m	p m	a m		a. m	p m	p m
			Bradford			
			Babcock			
			Custer City			
			Long Eddy			
			Elamwood			
			Marshburg			
			Wildcat			
			Morrison			
			Dew Drop			
			Kinzua			
p m		a m	B P & W RR	a m	p m	
			Warren			
			Irvineton			
			Tidioute			
			Oil City			
			Pittsburg			

ROCHESTER DIVISION

[illegible]
W. S. BALDWIN Gen'l Passenger Agent
GEO. S. GATCHELL Gen'l Supt
J. W. WATSON, Supt Narrow Gauge Division

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD PHILADELPHIA AND ERIE R. R. Division

On and after August [illegible] 1884 trains will arrive [illegible] For Philadelphia, New York and the East, Baltimore, Washington and the south [illegible] a. m. and [illegible] p. m. on week days.

For Kane, Warren, Corry, Erie and intermediate stations [illegible] a. m. on week days.

For Kane and intermediate stations [illegible] p. m. on week days.

ROCHESTER & PITTSBURG R. R.

New Time Table, take effect Monday, Feby 17, 1884.

ROCHESTER DIVISION

EASTWARD			STATIONS.	WESTWARD	
Acc.	Mail	Exp	Eastern Time.	Mail	Exp
a. m	p. m.	a. m.		a. m.	p. m
9 35	9 10	11	ar Rochester lv	6 45	3 30
			Scottsville		
			Mumford		
			Leroy		
			Pavilion		
			Wyoming		
			Warsaw		
			Silver Lake Jun		
			Gainesville		
			Pike		
			Bliss		
			Farmersville		
			Machias		
			Ashford		
			Ellicottville		
			Bradford June		
			Salamanca		
			Carrollton		
			Limestone		
			Bradford		
			Custer City		
			Johnsonburg Jun		
			Ridgway		
			Little Toby		
			Brockwayville		
			Falls Creek		
			DuBois		
			Carlisle		
			Sykes		
			Cramer		
			Big Run		
			Bells Mills		
			Punxsutawney		
			Clayville ar		
		8 30	lv Pittsburg ar Alleg'y Val R'd		7 30

BUFFALO DIVISION.

EASTWARD.			STATIONS	WESTWARD	
Exp	Mail	Exp		Mail	Ex
a. m	p. m			a. m	p. m
8 0	7 35		Ar Buffalo Lv	8 20	7 45
			William st. Dep.		
			Orchard Park		
			West Falls		
			Golden		
			Springville		
			West Valley		
			Ashford		
a. m	p. m.			a. m.	p. m

☞ Trains leaving Buffalo make direct connections at Ashford, with all trains on the Rochester Division for all points east and west on this line.

The Express trains connect at Buffalo with N. Y. C. & H. R. R. for points east, with L. S. & M. S. R. R., Michigan Central R. R., and Grand Trunk for all points in Michigan and West at Salamanca with N. Y. P. & O. R. R. for the west and Erie R. R. for the east. The Express Trains leaving Buffalo connect at Salamanca with N. Y. P. & O. and Erie railroads for points east and west, at Bradford with Narrow Gauge system for all points in Oil Regions, at Johnsonburg for all points on the P. & E. R. R. The afternoon Express from Buffalo connects at Falls Creek with A. V. R. R. for Pittsburgh and points east and west. Passengers from Pittsburgh for Buffalo and Rochester and intermediate stations, should take the Allegheny Valley R. R. train leaving Union depot, Pittsburgh at 8:30 p.m. Buffalo passengers take Belt Line R. R. for William Street depot.

Connections for east and west are made at Rochester with the New York Central & Hudson River R. R., and at Salamanca with the N. Y., P. & O. R. R. for Jamestown, Mansfield, Cincinnati, Chicago and the west, also with the Erie R. R. for Hornellsville, and eastern points at Bradford with the Narrow Gauge System to all points in the oil regions; at Ridgway with P. & E. R. R. for Emporium, Williamsport, Philadelphia and Baltimore; at Falls Creek with Allegheny Valley R. R. for Pittsburgh, Wheeling, Cincinnati, St. Louis and the west and south.

I. S. EMERY, Gen'l Passenger Agent.
JAS. T. GARDNER, Gen'l Superintendent.

COUDERSPORT & PORT ALLEGANY Railroad Time Table, takes effect Monday, Sept. 1, 1884

Ar. EASTW'D.		STATIONS.	L'v WESTW'D	
M.	P.M.		A M	P M
7.10	1.30	Coudersport	8.15	4.00
		Hammonds		4.10
		Dinsmore		4.21
		Nelsons		
		Knowlton		
		Roulette		
		Pomeroy Bridge		
		Burtville		
		Mina Spring		
		Coleman		
		Port Allegany		

Trains run on [illegible]
B. A. [illegible], Supt.